'Dangerous' heatwave hits Athens again
30 July 2021, by Alexandros Kottis

Temperatures that prompted the municipality of Athens to appoint a climate officer earlier this month to try and mitigate the heat.

'There are solutions'

On Monastiraki Square, Alexandra Holarou drags her cart full of sweets through tourists trying on caps and straw hats.

"I'm going to die in this heat," she says.

Her face red, the 60-year-old shopkeeper sets up a parasol but "there are not many options to protect oneself," she says.

Dubbed a "dangerous" event due to how long it will last and the small difference between maximum and minimum temperatures, the heatwave is expected to peak on Monday, with temperatures likely reaching 42 to 44 degrees Celsius (107 to 111 degrees Fahrenheit).

"It's hard, very hard to work in these conditions."

Passers-by stay close to the walls in search of shade and air conditioning that blasts out from shops.

The café terraces are oases where water misters and fans are running at full speed.

Tourists walk through water sprayed by a mister at a cafe during a heatwave in Athens.

In Athens' parliament square, the Evzones parade under their red berets and stifling heat.

With sweat beading on their foreheads, the presidential guards rehearse their choreography in front of a cluster of tourists as a new heatwave hits the Greek capital.

"They're amazing, but they must be suffering," says Jim Grace, an Irish tourist who, holding a bottle of water, watches them under the scorching sun.

"We're adapting," says his wife Esther Grace. "We're drinking lots of water and putting on sunscreen."

Temperatures could reach 44 degrees Celsius in mainland Greece in the next days, Greek National Meteorological Service has warned in an emergency bulletin.

"We're adapting," says his wife Esther Grace. "We're drinking lots of water and putting on sunscreen."
"We weren't really prepared," confesses Frenchman Nicolas Deshayes.

“We left this morning from Paris where it was 15 degrees."

Eleni Myrivili, Athens' climate officer, tells AFP the situation will only worsen if nothing is done.

"By 2050, the number of rainy days will have dropped by 12 percent and the temperature will have risen by 2.5 degrees," she says.

But she adds “there are solutions” such as developing green spaces in a city that looks like a sea of concrete, helping vulnerable people and raising public awareness.

"We need to rethink the public space as a whole because the consequences affect the health of our population and the economy of our country," she says.

"There are more workplace accidents with the rise in temperatures and people go to shops less."

degrees Celsius for 11 days.

According to data from the National Observatory of Athens, this was the fifth longest heatwave in Greece in 40 years.

"These climatic phenomena are becoming more and more frequent," Konstantinos Lagouvardos, the observatory's director of meteorological research, says.

"Beyond the heatwaves, the most worrying thing is that average temperatures are rising considerably summer after summer.

"The average for Athens is now 34-35 degrees, which is two degrees higher than in previous years," he says.

"This is already the second heatwave of the summer, a third would be an unprecedented event."

Several municipalities have opened air-conditioned shelters for the homeless and vulnerable.

In Piraeus, at a short distance from the port where tourists escape to the islands, about 15 people come every day to find a little respite in one such centre.

"This is the fourth time we've opened an air-conditioned space this year," says Argyro Koika, a social worker at the centre.

The Ministry of Civil Protection has recommended protecting oneself from the sun by staying in shaded and air-conditioned places, avoiding physical activities and drinking water regularly.

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A street musician plays drums during a heatwave in Athens.

Second heatwave of the summer

Greece has already experienced a heatwave earlier this summer, when temperatures reached 44