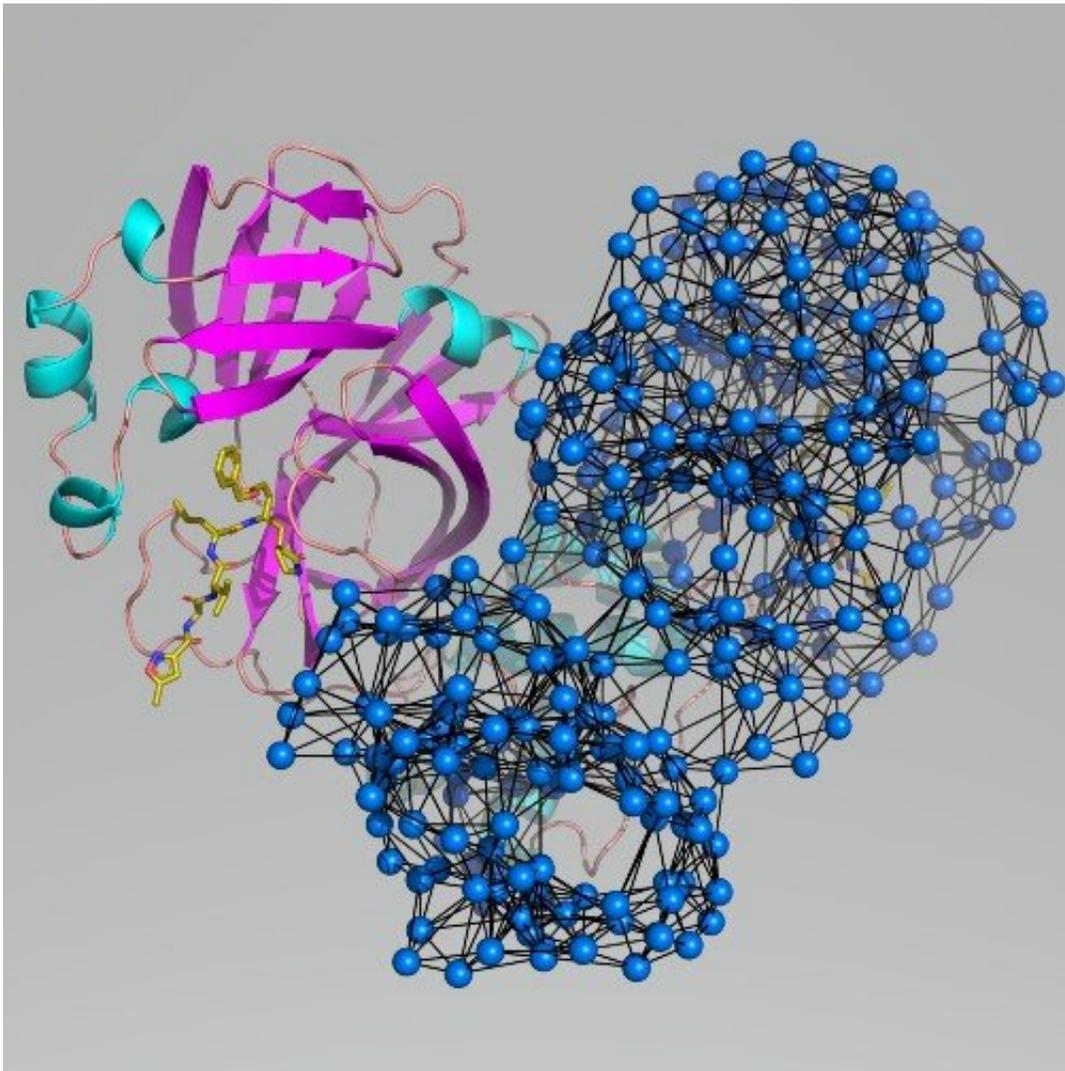


# Study uses computer modelling to identify 'vulnerable sites' on coronavirus protein

January 7 2021, by Alistair Keely

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Scientists have used computer modelling to identify potential 'vulnerable sites' on a key protein found in coronavirus. Credit: University of York

Scientists have used computer modeling to identify potential 'vulnerable sites' on a key protein found in coronavirus—paving the way for possible new drug treatments in the future.

The coronavirus responsible for the COVID-19 epidemic deploys dozens of viral biomolecules when it invades host cells with the disease. One of these is a compact protein, the 'main protease,' whose function is critical to the virus.

Scientists at the University of York analyzed the structure of the protease by computational modeling—simulating the protein's motions.

## **New drugs**

The model is very efficient because it works by developing a bird's eye view of the [protein structure](#). It suggests sites on the protein that may be accessible to new drugs.

The technique could be used for spotting 'vulnerable' sites for inhibition in other proteins, including other SARS-CoV-2 proteins.

The study, by Tom McLeish, Professor of Natural Philosophy in the Department of Physics, and Igors Dubanevics from the School of Natural Sciences, is published in the *Journal of the Royal Society Interface*.

## **Spike protein**

Prof McLeish said the research was not related to the current vaccines, which are based on the "Spike" protein, but is a study of another [key protein](#) in the COVID process.

He added: "It is more relevant to potential future drugs than to future vaccines, as the motions of the protein that it uncovers point to new 'sites' on the protein where binding small molecules might disrupt the protein function.

"The advantage of these sites, and our method in general, is that they are not the 'obvious' ones that compete with the normal binding of the [protein](#), but other sites that can be accessed even when the usual binding sites are occupied."

## Simulations

Igors Dubanevics added: "We have identified promising druggable sites in the main protease via [computer simulations](#) and some of them have been supported by the newest studies by other groups.

"The next logical step would be to investigate the identified sites by conducting biological experiments in a lab.

**More information:** Igors Dubanevics et al. Computational analysis of dynamic allostery and control in the SARS-CoV-2 main protease, *Journal of The Royal Society Interface* (2021). [DOI: 10.1098/rsif.2020.0591](#)

Provided by University of York

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