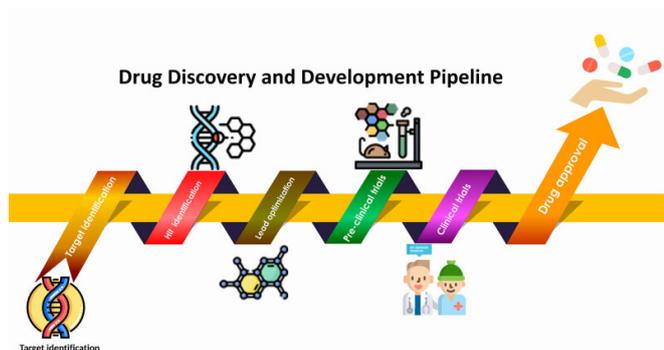


# Computer-aided systems may speed up new anticancer drug development

31 July 2020, by Li Yuan



A workflow for drug discovery: from target identification to drug approval. Credit: SIAT

New drug discovery is a complicated, expensive and time-consuming process. Traditional drug development pipeline needs 12 years and \$2.7 billion USD on average.

Reducing research costs and speeding up development processes of new [drug](#) discovery are challenging issues for the pharmaceutical industry.

Recently, the rapid growth of computational tools, such as computer-aided [drug discovery](#) (CADD), has made significant impact on anticancer drug design. CADD enables faster, cheaper and more effective drug design, and provides fruitful insights in the area of cancer therapy.

Researchers from the Shenzhen Institutes of Advanced Technology (SIAT) of the Chinese Academy of Sciences analyzed different subareas of the CADD process with a focus on anticancer drugs. Their study was published in *Frontiers in Pharmacology*.

The study indicated that computational drug design has promoted the discovery of several new anticancer drugs, which has become a milestone in

this area. Gefitinib, Erlotinib, Sorafenib, Lapatinib, Abiraterone and Crizotinib were all approved drugs discovered based on computational drug methods.

With the arrival of artificial intelligence (AI), the design of [anticancer drugs](#) in silico has undergone unprecedented changes. State-of-the-art [deep learning approaches](#), such as retro-synthetic routine planning, drug scaffold generation and drug binding affinity predictions have the potential to produce excellent chemical properties needed for new molecules.

"We believe that useful predictions generated by computational models combined with experimental validations could further speed up anticancer drug development," said Dr. Cui Wenqiang, first author of the study.

**More information:** Wenqiang Cui et al. Discovering Anti-Cancer Drugs via Computational Methods, *Frontiers in Pharmacology* (2020). [DOI: 10.3389/fphar.2020.00733](https://doi.org/10.3389/fphar.2020.00733)

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences

APA citation: Computer-aided systems may speed up new anticancer drug development (2020, July 31)  
retrieved 1 October 2020 from <https://phys.org/news/2020-07-computer-aided-anticancer-drug.html>

*This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.*