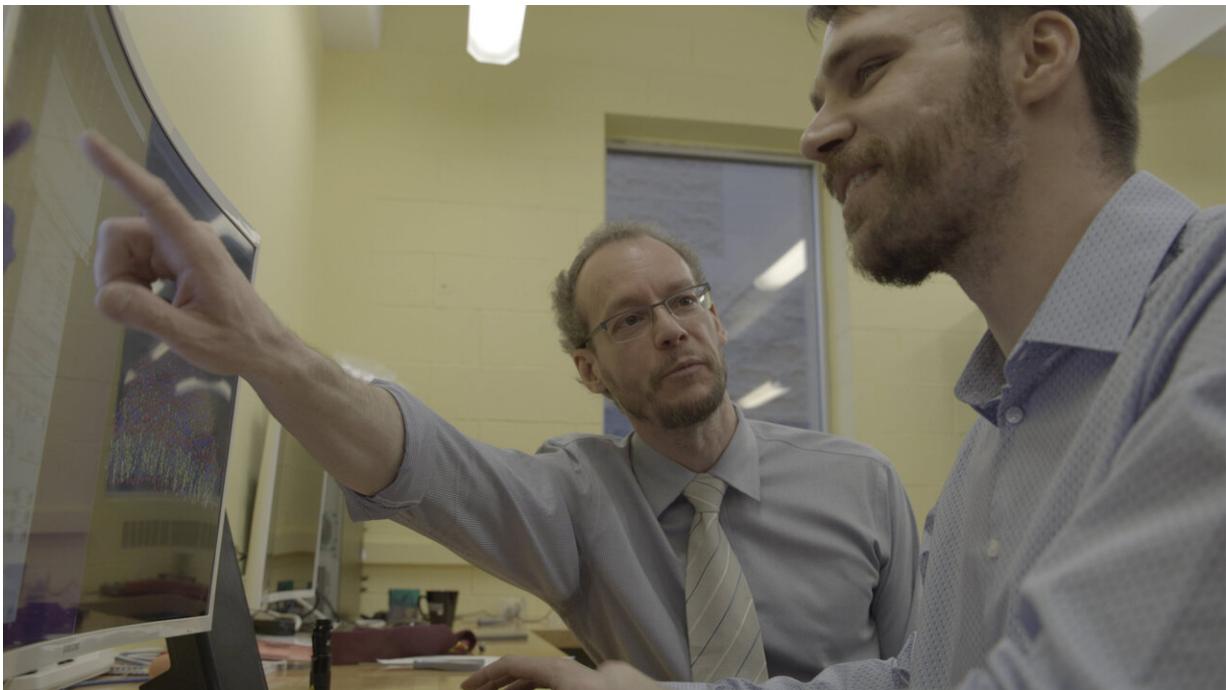


Physicists design 'super-human' red blood cells to deliver drugs to specific targets within the body

January 16 2020



Researchers Maikel Rheinstädter and Sebastian Himbert from McMaster University. Credit: McMaster University

A team of physicists from McMaster University has developed a process to modify red blood cells so they can be used to distribute drugs throughout the body, which could specifically target infections or treat

catastrophic diseases such as cancer or Alzheimer's.

The modified red blood cells are designed to circulate in the body for several weeks at a time, seeking out specific targets including bacteria, tumors or organs.

The technology, described in the online edition of the journal *Advanced Biosystems*, solves a major problem with current drug delivery methods that use [synthetic molecules](#) and cannot reach specific targets or are rejected by the body.

"We call these super-[human red blood cells](#). We think that they could work as the perfect stealth drug carriers which can outsmart our [immune system](#)," explains Maikel Rheinstädter, a senior advisor on the study and professor in the Department of Physics & Astronomy at McMaster.

The researchers have developed a method to open up the red blood cell, modify its outer cell wall, and replace its contents with a drug molecule, which would then be injected back into the body.

The hybrid appears and behaves as a normal [red blood cell](#), but has a sticky surface which can attach itself to bacteria, for example, open up and release antibiotics exactly where they are needed.

"We have combined [synthetic material](#) with [biological material](#) and created a new structure, which has never been done before in this way," says Sebastian Himbert, lead author and a graduate student in the Department of Physics & Astronomy at McMaster.

"The entire process is very efficient and can be completed in one day in the lab," he says.

Researchers believe this targeted delivery method could help to

minimize dosages and therefore, potential side effects. This is particularly important for very potent drugs used in cancer and Alzheimer's disease, and the treatment of infections of potentially resistant bacteria.

More information: Sebastian Himbert et al. Hybrid Erythrocyte Liposomes: Functionalized Red Blood Cell Membranes for Molecule Encapsulation, *Advanced Biosystems* (2020). [DOI: 10.1002/adbi.201900185](https://doi.org/10.1002/adbi.201900185)

Provided by McMaster University

Citation: Physicists design 'super-human' red blood cells to deliver drugs to specific targets within the body (2020, January 16) retrieved 26 April 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2020-01-physicists-super-human-red-blood-cells.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.