

# Video: The krill factor in ocean mixing

20 February 2019

---

Scientists have long chalked up ocean mixing of salt, heat, nutrients and gases, such as oxygen and carbon dioxide, to wind and tides. New research is investigating another possible contributor: krill. Mixing ocean water may seem like a big job for such a tiny creature, but krill are a force of nature when they migrate in giant swarms to feed at night.

With support from the National Science Foundation, Stanford University engineer John Dabiri and his team are using lab experiments to understand the fluid dynamics of swarm migrations through a stratified water column. If the vertical migrations of krill and other organisms are playing a significant role in [ocean mixing](#), that should impact future calculations about ocean circulation and the global climate.

Provided by National Science Foundation

APA citation: Video: The krill factor in ocean mixing (2019, February 20) retrieved 17 November 2019 from <https://phys.org/news/2019-02-video-krill-factor-ocean.html>

*This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.*