

Hormone keys plant growth or stress tolerance, but not both

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Purdue University researcher Jian-Kang-Zhu has discovered a mechanism that controls a plant's ability to grow strongly or tolerate stress. The findings could help develop plants that can do both. Credit: Purdue Agricultural Communication

Plants that grow well tend to be sensitive to heat and drought, and plants that can handle those stresses often have stunted growth. A Purdue University plant scientist has found the switch that creates that antagonism, opening opportunities to develop plants that exhibit both characteristics.

"Normally these two are antagonistic, but in nature, some plants tolerate stress and grow well. The question is why some plants can have both, but most plants cannot," said Jian-Kang Zhu, distinguished professor of plant biology in the Department of Horticulture and Landscape Architecture. "Once you know how the [stress response](#) and growth pathways are connected, hopefully we will be able to decouple them."

Working with model plant *Arabidopsis*, Zhu found that abscisic acid (ABA), a plant hormone, is activated in plants that can tolerate stresses such as salt and drought. But ABA sets off a chain reaction that stymies plant growth.

Zhu found that in stressed plants, the ABA pathway is activated and leads to phosphorylation of the Target of Rapamycin (TOR) kinase. This essentially turns off the TOR kinase, which is essential for [plant growth](#).

The opposite happens in unstressed plants. TOR disrupts ABA perception, shutting down the plant's stress responses. Those plants tend

to exhibit strong growth.

"This is the key to the antagonism between stress and growth," Zhu said.

The findings, published in the journal *Molecular Cell*, could help scientists and breeders who want to develop [plants](#) that can handle environmental stresses and still grow well.

More information: Pengcheng Wang et al. Reciprocal Regulation of the TOR Kinase and ABA Receptor Balances Plant Growth and Stress Response, *Molecular Cell* (2017). [DOI: 10.1016/j.molcel.2017.12.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molcel.2017.12.002)

Provided by Purdue University

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