

# Anthrax may have killed 100 hippos in Namibia

9 October 2017



savannah where it kills game, cattle, and sometimes humans.

Government officials estimated that Namibia's hippo population was around 1,300 before the mass death.

The minister added that he would be alarmed if there were any further hippo deaths at the [national park](#) which is one of the country's foremost tourist attractions.

© 2017 AFP

Veterinarians are working to determine the cause of dozens of hippo deaths in Namibia

Over 100 hippos have died in Namibia in a remote national park in the past week, the country's environment minister said on Monday, warning that anthrax could be to blame.

Images from the Bwabwata [national park](#) in northeast Namibia showed dozens of lifeless hippos, some flat on their backs, others with just their heads visible above murky water.

"Over 100 hippos died in the past week. The cause of death is unknown but the signs so far show that it could be [anthrax](#)," Pohamba Shifeta told AFP.

He said the toll could be higher as crocodiles might have eaten some of the carcasses.

"Our [veterinary services](#) are currently working at the area to determine the cause of death. Once we have the results of the cause of death than we can decide on the way forward," Shifeta said.

Anthrax is a [bacterial disease](#) commonly associated with arid climates like the African

APA citation: Anthrax may have killed 100 hippos in Namibia (2017, October 9) retrieved 25 October 2021 from <https://phys.org/news/2017-10-anthrax-hippos-namibia.html>

*This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.*