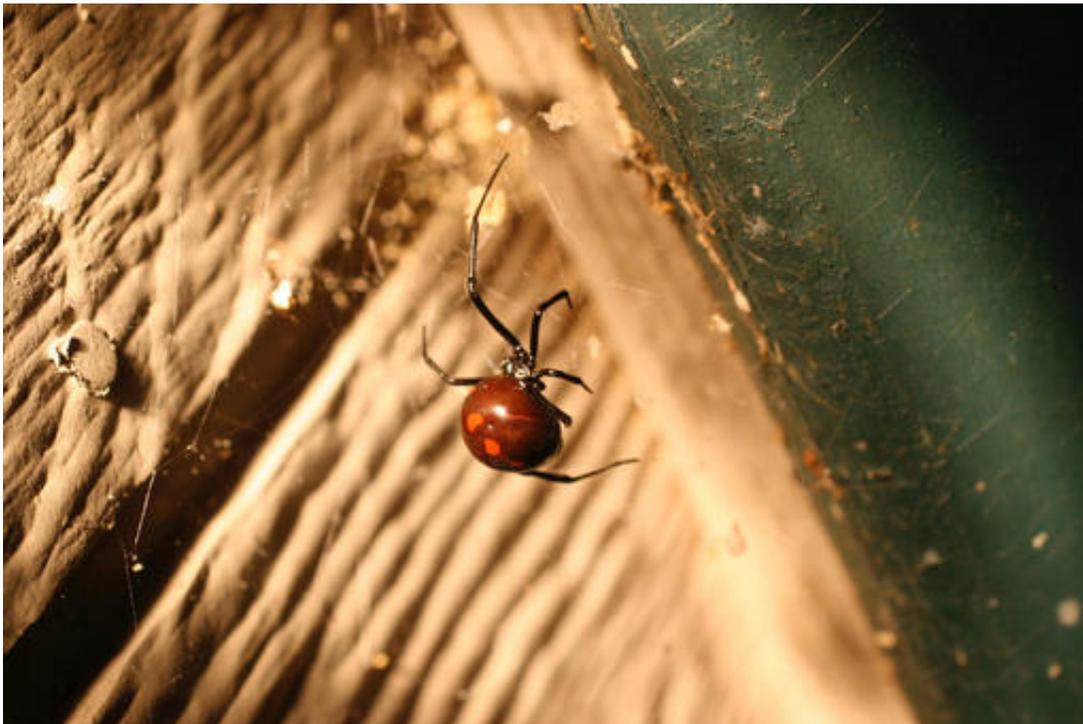


Spiders are among most effective predators of plant pests

June 14 2016, by Dean Fosdick



This undated photo shows a Black Widow spider taken in a shed near New Market, Va. Spiders are one of the gardeners best tools for biological pest control and also are one of the few pest predators that don't eat plants. (Dean Fosdick via AP)

Although many people have a built-in aversion to them, spiders rank as one of the gardener's best tools for biological pest control.

They also are one of the few pest predators that don't eat plants.

"Spiders eat the (equivalent insect) weight of all the humans on earth annually," said Linda Rayor, an assistant professor of entomology at Cornell University. "A significant percentage of those [insects](#) are herbivores or granivores (seed eaters) or other insects that adversely affect humans. Spiders perform a vital function."

There are more than 45,500 known [spider species](#) around the world, divided into 110 spider families, Rayor said.

"Few of those have a venom that affects us," she said. "The yellow sac spider, the black widow and the recluse. That's about it. And none are aggressive."

Spiders, including black widows, respond to movements in their webs, and that leads to people getting bitten, Rayor said.

"Black widows are super common in the desert around the U.S. but you'll also find them in many cities because they have water," she said. "Houses and edges of houses are perfect for black widows. They can build underneath and protect their webs."

Spiders use venom to kill or paralyze their prey. They actively hunt or spin webs to trap insects, invertebrates, and even small vertebrates like lizards and frogs. What also makes them garden-friendly is that that they don't eat plants, Rayor said.

"They'll eat a little pollen, maybe, but that's about it," she said. "They're totally beneficial to have in the garden."



This spider photographed on Sept. 11, 2015, while spinning a web in a Langley, Wash., yard, is one of the gardeners best tools for biological pest control. Spiders also are also one of the few pest predators that don't eat plants. (Dean Fosdick via AP)

On the unfavorable side, spiders are generalists in what they hunt and cannibalistic. They feed on other spiders and many beneficial insects, including honeybees and butterflies.

Spiders also are not a good choice for taking out specific plant pests in fields or gardens if there's a particular outbreak you're trying to eradicate, Rayor said. "But for reducing all prey abundance in certain areas, they're great."

Rather than try to eliminate spiders in or near homes, the knowledgeable,

organic-leaning gardener prefers to recruit them.

You can increase spider numbers in the garden by:

— Adding more trees, shrubs and perennials to provide anchor points for web-building spiders to spin their webs, said Gail Langellotto, an entomologist with Oregon State University's Extension Service.

— Allowing areas to go untilled, or leaving plant stalks standing for overwintering habitat. Many adult [spiders](#) emerge in early spring, before most other bio-control resources are available.

— Mulching with grass or wood chips to provide cover and humidity.

— Growing flowers that attract insect prey.

"Even if you want to bring spider numbers down around your property, consider that they're difficult to eradicate with pesticides," Langellotto said.

"The amount and concentration needed is often higher than what's necessary to kill insects, (and that) poses a greater risk to humans," she said. "Heavy doses also will kill a lot of other [beneficial insects](#)."

More information: For more about inviting spiders to the garden, see this Cornell University fact sheet: [www.colostate.edu/Dept/CoopExt ...mg/Pests/spiders.htm](http://www.colostate.edu/Dept/CoopExt...mg/Pests/spiders.htm)

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Citation: Spiders are among most effective predators of plant pests (2016, June 14) retrieved 22 September 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2016-06-spiders-effective-predators-pests.html>

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