Foreign language teachers play a pivotal role in creating global citizens, but some teachers lack confidence in their ability to speak in their nonnative tongue, which could undermine the quality of language instruction, Michigan State University researchers argue.

In the study, foreign language teachers stated over time their speaking skills had declined since teaching required them to concentrate more on accuracy, such as the mechanical and semantic aspects of language, and less on speaking and fluency.

In addition, students' needs dictated teachers' desires to improve. Those teaching in a college prep setting focus on skills students need in college, such as vocabulary and grammar rules, while those teaching at the vocational school are less focused on grammar, feeling the language bar was lower.

Combined, the two scenarios lead to feelings of inadequacy for teachers, the College of Arts and Letters researchers said. The solution? Professional development.

But unfortunately, the demographic and social constructs of a school often determine teachers' access to resources, both in levels of support and materials, said De Costa and Valmori, both of whom are former high school teachers. As such, teachers in low-income districts or in vocational schools could be at a disadvantage.

In the study, teachers in college prep high schools formed active networks of foreign language teachers, while those in vocational education were frustrated by the lack of interest in doing so. In fact, vocational teachers reported feeling isolated, saying available resources didn't cater to teachers with different needs.

Other key takeaways:

- Contrary to what many foreign language teachers believe, students don't expect them to have perfect command of a
In some cases, nonnative speakers of a foreign language are more empathic to students' needs, having been former language learners themselves.

To seek out professional development, teachers must be motivated to improve.

Professional development programs should:

- be designed to meet differing needs, keep teachers motivated and raise teachers' awareness of their potential.
- Professional development doesn't have to be expensive (i.e. attending a conference), but can instead be conducted among districts. Teachers can learn by collaborating.

Although conducted in Italy, the researchers argue the issues addressed in their study are universal to all teachers.

"Our study is part of the larger narrative about how teachers need assistance and support from schools and the wider education system," De Costa said. "We'd like to see more dialogue among teachers. Teachers don't often talk to each other so they forget they're probably their best helpers."