Moving horses from pasture to stabling can put them at risk of colic

28 March 2014, by Lindsay Brooke

Injury, a change in the weather, a new livery—at some point in a horse's life it will experience a move from pasture to stabling. Experts at The University of Nottingham's School of Veterinary Medicine and Science have published research which shows this change in living conditions could play a key role in the onset of colic—a leading cause of death in horses.

Colic is the most common emergency problem in the horse, and one of the main causes of death in horses.

Simple colonic obstruction and distension (SCOD) or impaction is essentially dried accumulation of feed within the intestine that causes blockages. It is the second most common cause of equine colic. The study, published in the academic journal Equine Veterinary Journal, showed that after being moved from pasture to stabling horses drank nearly twice their normal amount but their droppings were significantly less and much drier.

The subject of this research were seven military horses housed at the Defence Animal Centre in Melton Mowbray, Leicestershire. They were monitored 24 hours a day while at pasture and for 14 days following the transition to a stabling regime with light controlled exercise.

Dr Freeman said: "The study followed them as they moved from pasture to stabling and showed that although they drank more when they were stabled, this did not compensate for the change in diet and environment. There was both slowing down of gut motility and drying out of gut contents. The greatest effect was in the first five days, which highlights a particular risk period for colic. The significance is that although we know that abrupt changes in management cause colic, exactly how this affects the gut was not known. This is the first study to look at these changes in normal horses and we hope that the results will help vets and horse owners modify management to reduce these problems."

Dr Freeman is leading a number of studies into equine colic. She is also finalising the outcomes of...
the nationwide colic survey.

Provided by University of Nottingham

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