

# La Nina likely to develop in coming months: UN weather body

6 July 2010



The UN weather agency said Tuesday that El Nino, which wreaks havoc around the Pacific and east Africa, has dissipated, but La Nina -- another disruptive weather phenomenon, is likely to develop.

The UN weather agency said Tuesday that El Nino, which wreaks havoc around the Pacific and east Africa, has dissipated, but La Nina -- another disruptive weather phenomenon, is likely to develop.

"Following the rapid dissipation of [El Nino](#) in early May 2010, cool-neutral to weak La Nina conditions have developed in the tropical Pacific," said the World Meteorological Organisation in a statement.

"These conditions are more likely than not to strengthen into a basin-wide La Nina over the coming months."

The WMO said however, that "the timing and magnitude of such an event in 2010 are as yet uncertain."

[La Nina](#) is the opposition condition of El Nino. It is characterised by unusually cool ocean temperatures in the eastern equatorial Pacific.

In late 2008, it was blamed for icy conditions that

claimed dozens of lives across Europe.

The weather phenomenon can also bring about strong [rainfall](#) in Indonesia, Malaysia and Australia, as well as [drought](#) in South America.

El Nino, meanwhile, is characterised by unusually warm ocean temperatures in the central and eastern equatorial Pacific.

(c) 2010 AFP

APA citation: La Nina likely to develop in coming months: UN weather body (2010, July 6) retrieved 20 April 2021 from <https://phys.org/news/2010-07-la-nina-months-weather-body.html>

*This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.*