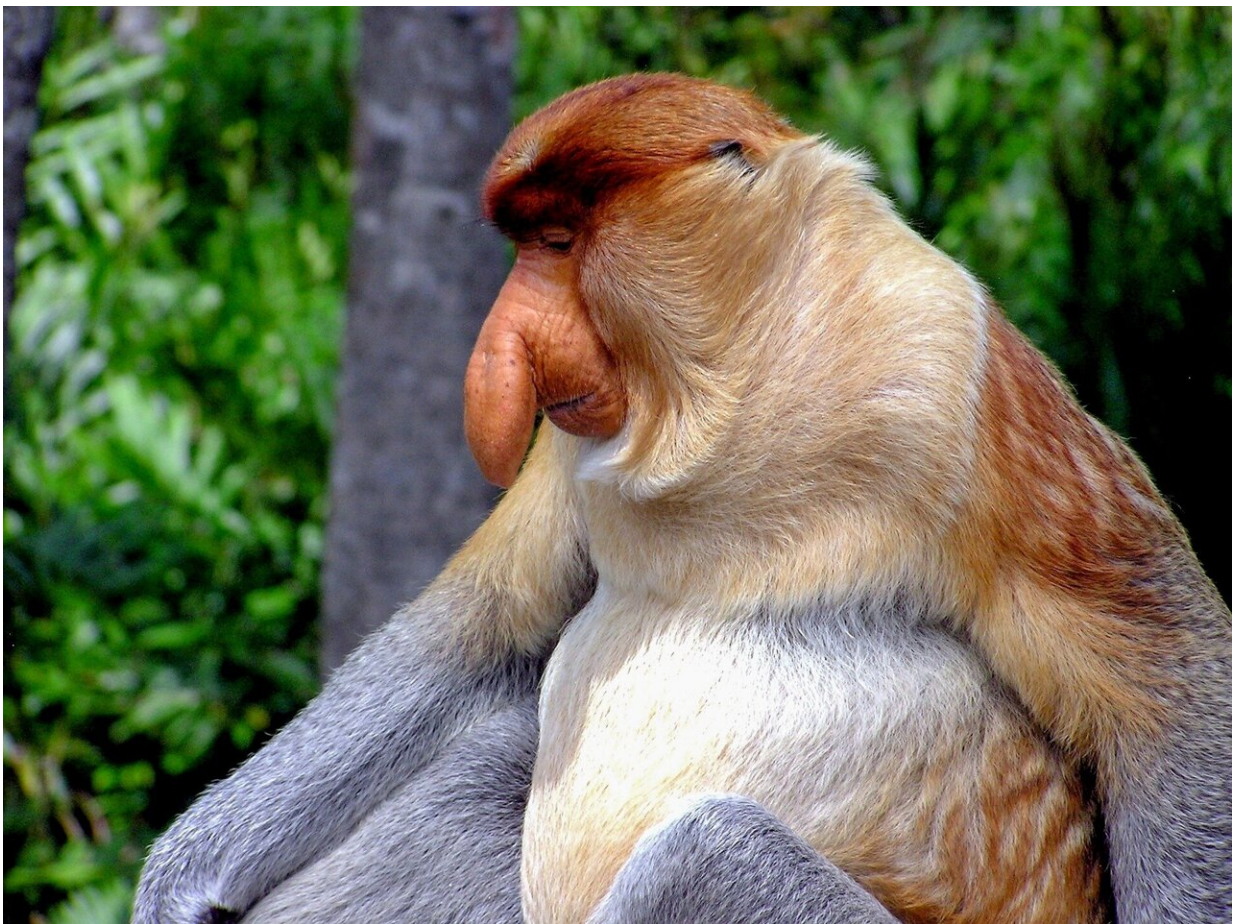


Bigger is better: Male proboscis monkeys' enhanced noses evolved to attract mates, says study

May 23 2024



Credit: Pixabay/CC0 Public Domain

When it comes to the animal kingdom, bigger is better, at least for proboscis monkeys, famously known for their long, large and droopy noses.

Researchers from The Australian National University (ANU) have provided a [world-first explanation](#), published in *Scientific Reports*, for why male [proboscis](#) monkeys have larger and "enhanced" nasal structures.

The researchers examined the bony nasal cavity inside the skulls of proboscis monkeys and found that their large noses are more than just an eyesore, and in fact offer several major benefits, especially when it comes to attracting potential female partners.

Endemic to the island of Borneo, proboscis monkeys have unfortunately been branded one of the world's ugliest animals, thanks to their large and unusual looking noses.

Lead author Dr. Katharine Balolia and former ANU masters student Pippa Fitzgerald used 3D scans of proboscis monkeys' skulls housed in [museum collections](#) to take size and shape measurements of the internal structure of the primates' bony nasal cavity. They found that the shape of the bony structure of the nasal cavity of male proboscis monkeys evolved to allow them to emit louder and deeper calls such as "honks and nasal roars."

"We wanted to understand why male proboscis monkeys' noses are so big, and whether their [nasal cavities](#) have a [distinctive shape](#)," Dr. Balolia said. "We found that males have much bigger nasal cavities than female monkeys, and their nasal cavities also have a different shape compared to females.

"Being able to emit louder and deeper calls thanks to a longer and larger

nasal cavity helps male monkeys to assert their health and dominance. This helps the male monkeys attract females and ward off other males. The more females a male can attract, the more it allows him to father more offspring. So, having a large nose and being able to more easily emit honks and nasal roars due to a uniquely shaped nasal cavity really helps males show off their quality and status to prospective female partners."

Dr. Balolia said the jungle-like environment in which these endangered primates live could explain why their noses evolved to become so big.

"Proboscis monkeys live in coastal mangroves and forested environments and often can't see each other through the trees. So loud, nasalized calls are important to communicate with each other, especially among males," she said. "The fleshy nose tissue likely got bigger over time as it enhanced their ability to let out nasal honks and roars. Proboscis monkeys rigidly straighten their noses when giving these calls. Females may have then started to find large noses visually attractive for selecting a mate, as it was an honest signal of health and dominance."

The researchers also found that the bony nasal cavity opening of male proboscis monkeys, where the fleshy nasal soft tissue attaches, gets bigger with age, which is consistent with older males having larger noses.

"This coincides with when they achieve dominance status among other male monkeys, allowing them to scare off other males and attract a lot of females who are ready to breed," Dr. Balolia said.

More information: Male proboscis monkey cranionasal size and shape is associated with visual and acoustic signalling, *Scientific Reports* (2024). [DOI: 10.1038/s41598-024-60665-8](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-60665-8).

www.nature.com/articles/s41598-024-60665-8

Provided by Australian National University

Citation: Bigger is better: Male proboscis monkeys' enhanced noses evolved to attract mates, says study (2024, May 23) retrieved 16 June 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2024-05-bigger-male-proboscis-monkeys-noses.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.