

# Viewpoint: Fossil fuel subsidies cost Canadians a lot more money than the carbon tax

April 2 2024, by Steve Lorteau



Credit: CC0 Public Domain



The federal carbon tax increase is now in effect, and will raise gas prices by three cents per liter in most Canadian provinces.

The hike prompted complaints from <u>seven premiers</u> and a <u>recent</u> <u>parliamentary showdown</u>, culminating in a <u>failed vote of non-confidence</u> in the Liberal government.

Yet this ongoing debate overlooks a far costlier carbon tax: <u>fossil fuel</u> <u>subsidies</u>.

# Fossil fuel subsidies cost us big bucks

Every year, federal and <u>provincial governments</u> use <u>taxpayer dollars</u> to provide financial support or tax breaks to fossil fuel companies.

These subsidies cost Canadian taxpayers at least \$6.03 billion, or roughly \$214 per taxpayer every year. And unlike the federal carbon tax, Canadians don't get a rebate on this tax.

Fossil fuel subsidies are a big problem across Canada. The federal government has spent \$35 billion on the Trans Mountain oil pipeline and \$275 million on a liquefied natural gas facility. The Canadian oil and natural gas sector also benefits from special tax breaks under the Income Tax Act.

British Columbia, Alberta, and Saskatchewan give more than \$2.5 billion in royalty reductions and tax exemptions to the fossil fuel industry every year. Ontario gives \$500 million in tax breaks to aviation and agricultural fuels. Manitoba, Québec and the Atlantic provinces give similar tax exemptions to fuel and natural gas.



### Big costs to taxpayers

A billion here, a few billion there—all these subsidies add up to a big cost to Canadian taxpayers. While oil and gas companies boast about record profits, Canadian taxpayers are footing the bill.

These explicit fossil fuel subsidies are only the tip of a growing iceberg.

They don't include the health-care costs of air pollution, which is responsible for <u>five million deaths worldwide every year</u>. They also don't include the future costs of cleaning <u>abandoned oil wells</u>, unpaid <u>municipal property taxes</u> and other costs abandoned by fossil fuel companies.

# **Multi-level problems**

Fossil fuel subsidies are a problem at <u>multiple levels</u>. They frustrate climate change mitigation efforts because they increase the profitability of fossil fuels.

This creates a perverse incentive that <u>actively encourages further</u> <u>pollution</u>.

They also create artificially lower prices for fossil fuels, which is why libertarians and free market conservatives have opposed these so-called fossil fuel welfare payments.

Fossil fuel subsidies also impose an opportunity cost. The taxpayer money used for fossil fuel subsidies could go to more valuable projects, such as building more homes, just as the <u>federal government used to do until the early 1990s</u>.



Just the federal portion of the subsidies over the last four years could have <u>funded every solar and wind project in Canada or doubled public transit ridership</u>. The money could also <u>fund schools</u>, <u>hospitals or tax cuts</u>.

For these reasons, there is a mounting consensus that <u>fossil fuel subsidies</u> in <u>Canada</u> and elsewhere should be eliminated.

# **Ending fossil fuel subsidies**

There have been various attempts to <u>eliminate fossil fuel subsidies</u>. In 2009, Prime Minister Stephen Harper and other G20 leaders pledged to <u>phase out "inefficient" fossil fuel subsidies</u>.

At the 2022 United Nations climate change conference, all UN member states committed to "accelerating efforts towards the phase-down of ... inefficient fossil fuel subsidies."

In the past few years, United States President Joe Biden has sought to scrap oil and gas industry subsidies.

Last June, the House of Commons studied <u>the phaseout of fossil fuel</u> <u>subsidies</u>. Following the report, Environment Minister Steven Guilbeault <u>released a plan to eliminate some but not all fossil fuel subsidies</u>.

Despite these calls for reform, many <u>fossil fuel subsidies persist</u> and continue to cost us billions. Indeed, <u>Canadians still spend more</u> to support oil and gas extraction than Australia, Germany, Japan, Mexico and the United States.

Eliminating fossil fuel subsidies may not be a <u>silver bullet</u> to solve <u>climate change</u>, but can make a big difference in <u>meeting our climate</u> <u>goals</u>. It just makes dollars and sense.



This article is republished from <u>The Conversation</u> under a Creative Commons license. Read the <u>original article</u>. This article is republished from <u>The Conversation</u> under a Creative Commons license. Read the <u>original article</u>.

#### Provided by The Conversation

Citation: Viewpoint: Fossil fuel subsidies cost Canadians a lot more money than the carbon tax (2024, April 2) retrieved 20 May 2024 from <a href="https://phys.org/news/2024-04-viewpoint-fossil-fuel-subsidies-canadians.html">https://phys.org/news/2024-04-viewpoint-fossil-fuel-subsidies-canadians.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.