

Smart e-nose uses self-heating temperature modulation to enable rapid identification of gas molecules

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Smart E-nose system based on the self-heating temperature modulation. Credit: Li Meng



A recent study <u>published</u> in *ACS Sensors* highlights the development of a smart electronic nose (e-nose) by a research team led by Prof. Meng Gang from the Hefei Institutes of Physical Science of the Chinese Academy of Sciences.

The novel e-nose utilizes a self-heating modulation strategy to accurately distinguish different types of target gas molecules within just one second.

Significant progress has been made in gas molecule detection using enose comprised of non-selective <u>semiconductor</u> gas sensors. However, extracting adequate molecular features in a short time (

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