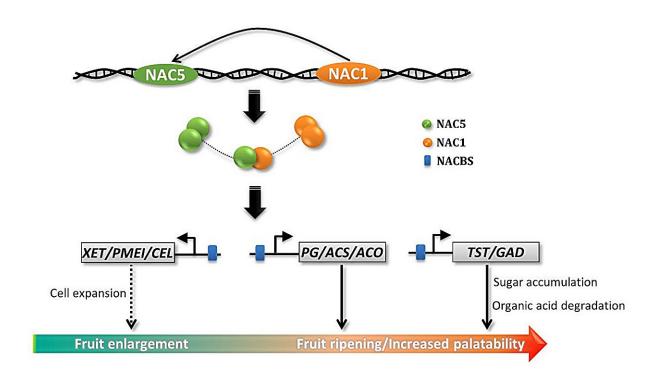


Researchers find two transcription factors regulate fruit ripening and flavor

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A proposed model shows how adjacently arranged NAC1 and NAC5 together regulate fruit maturity date and palatability in fleshy fruits of dicots. Credit: Wuhan Botanical Garden

Fruit maturity date (MD) is critical to the market supply period and fruit flavor. It is affected by fruit setting date and the length of fruit enlargement and ripening. A better understanding of fruit MD regulation



provides guidance for fruits that tend to deteriorate rapidly after harvest, such as peaches.

In a study <u>published</u> in the journal *New Phytologist*, researchers from the Wuhan Botanical Garden (WBG) of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) showed that two adjacent NAM-ATAF1/2-CUC2 (NAC) <u>transcription factors</u> (TFs), namely PpNAC1 and PpNAC5, both function as ripening enhancers, with the former having a stronger ripening acceleration effect. It provides insight into understanding how the ripening process makes fruit more delicious.

The proteins (PpNAC1 and PpNAC5) were found to promote fruit enlargement and ripening by activating genes associated with cell elongation, cell wall degradation and ethylene biosynthesis. In addition, they can improve fruit flavor by inducing the transcription of genes related to sugar accumulation and organic acid degradation.

Interestingly, both PpNAC1 and PpNAC5 orthologs were found in fruitproducing plants, but not in fruitless plants, suggesting their critical role in fruit development.

More information: Ruo-Xi Zhang et al, Two adjacent NAC transcription factors regulate fruit maturity date and flavor in peach, *New Phytologist* (2023). DOI: 10.1111/nph.19372

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