

Advancing food safety: Natural alternatives for meat preservation

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In a <u>study</u> published in the journal *Food Quality and Safety* on 19 October 2023, researchers from Zhejiang A&F University and Zhejiang University conclude that natural preservatives offer a viable alternative



to synthetic chemicals in meat preservation.

These natural compounds, including phages and their endolysins, bacteriocins, and plant-derived substances, demonstrate significant potential in mitigating <u>pathogenic bacteria</u> in meat products. However, the transition from laboratory research to industrial application requires overcoming several challenges, such as ensuring efficacy, stability, and safety in diverse food matrices.

In the study, researchers conducted a detailed exploration of various natural preservatives, assessing their potential for application in the <u>meat</u> <u>industry</u>. The focus was on a diverse range of substances, such as phages and their endolysins, bacteriocins, microbial lipopeptides, plant-derived antimicrobial peptides, and essential oils or plant extracts. The research highlighted the need for streamlined methodologies and clear guidelines to transition these natural preservatives from the lab to industrial use effectively.

The study makes a strong case for these natural alternatives to synthetic chemicals in meat preservation, particularly emphasizing the targeted efficacy of bacteriophages (phages) and their endolysins against specific bacterial pathogens like Salmonella and E. coli. It also delves into the potential of bacteriocins, which are antibacterial peptides produced by bacteria, noting the requirement for genetic engineering to enhance their effectiveness.

In addition, the study acknowledges the antimicrobial capabilities of plant extracts and <u>essential oils</u>, while pointing out the challenges they face in practical applications. Lipopeptides, particularly those from Bacillus species, are also highlighted for their unique structure and antimicrobial activity. The study posits that while these <u>natural</u> <u>compounds</u> demonstrate significant potential in reducing pathogenic bacteria in <u>meat products</u>, their successful transition to widespread



industrial use hinges on overcoming challenges related to their efficacy, stability, and safety in various food contexts.

The study underscores the potential of natural preservatives as alternatives to synthetic chemicals in meat preservation, highlighting their effectiveness against pathogenic bacteria. This research marks a significant step towards safer and more natural meat preservation methods.

More information: Changyong Cheng et al, Can natural preservatives serve as a new line of protective technology against bacterial pathogens in meat and meat products? *Food Quality and Safety* (2023). DOI: 10.1093/fqsafe/fyad049

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