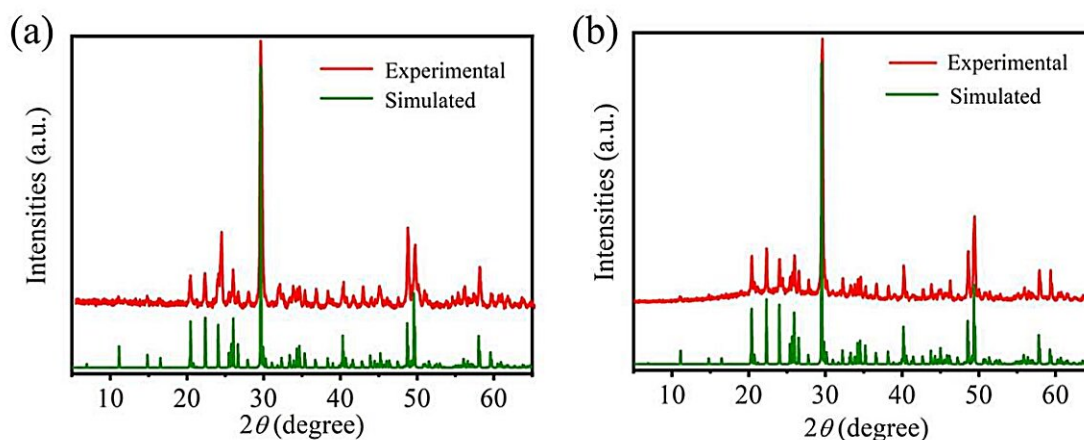


# Researchers develop nonlinear optical crystals by unusual cationic substitution strategy

October 9 2023, by Li Yuan



Powder XRD patterns of 1 (a) and 2 (b). Credit: *Small* (2023). DOI: 10.1002/smll.202305711

An ideal infrared (IR) nonlinear optical (NLO) crystal must have the advantages of a wide transmittance range, impressive laser-induced damage threshold (LIDT), sufficient birefringence index, bulk single-crystal form, and physicochemical stability.

However, there is often a trade-off between a strong NLO coefficient and a wide band gap toward high LIDT, making it challenging to achieve both properties in a single material.

Recently, a research group led by Prof. Guo Guocong from the Fujian Institute of Research on the Structure of Matter, Chinese Academy of Sciences, reported two novel non-centrosymmetric chalcogenides:  $M[M_4Cl][Ga_{11}S_{20}]$  ( $M = A/Ba$ ,  $A = K, Rb$ ) as excellent nonlinear optical crystals.

The study was published in [Small](#) on Sept. 11.

$M[M_4Cl][Ga_{11}S_{20}]$  ( $M = A/Ba$ ,  $A = K, Rb$ ) represent the first examples achieved by a cationic substitution strategy, resulting in salt-inclusion chalcogenides with diamond-like anionic frameworks.

The researchers used to consider typical diamond-like [chalcogenides](#) as promising candidates for IR NLO materials; however, they often exhibit limited LIDTs due to their narrow band gaps.

In this study, the researchers employed an unconventional cationic substitution strategy,  $[[SZn_4]S_{12} + [S_4Zn_{13}]S_{24} + 11ZnS_4 \Rightarrow MS_{12} + [M_4Cl]S_{24} + 11GaS_4]$ , to create two novel salt-inclusion sulfides,  $M[M_4Cl][Ga_{11}S_{20}]$  ( $M = A/Ba$ ,  $A = K, Rb$ ). As anticipated, the introduction of mixed cations in the  $GaS_4$  anionic frameworks resulted in wide band gaps (3.04 and 3.01 eV) and improved high LIDTs ( $9.4$  and  $10.3 \times AgGaS_2@1.06 \mu m$ ).

Furthermore, the researchers found that the ordered arrangement of tetrahedral  $GaS_4$  units favored strong second-harmonic generation intensities ( $0.84$  and  $0.78 \times AgGaS_2@2.9 \mu m$ ).

This study is an example of employing a cationic substitution strategy based on diamond-like structures to create high-performance NLO materials.

**More information:** Xiao-Yu Lou et al, Excellent Nonlinear Optical

M[M<sub>4</sub>Cl][Ga<sub>11</sub>S<sub>20</sub>] (M = A/Ba, A = K, Rb) Achieved by Unusual Cationic Substitution Strategy, *Small* (2023). DOI: [10.1002/sml.202305711](https://doi.org/10.1002/sml.202305711)

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences

Citation: Researchers develop nonlinear optical crystals by unusual cationic substitution strategy (2023, October 9) retrieved 2 May 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2023-10-nonlinear-optical-crystals-unusual-cationic.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.