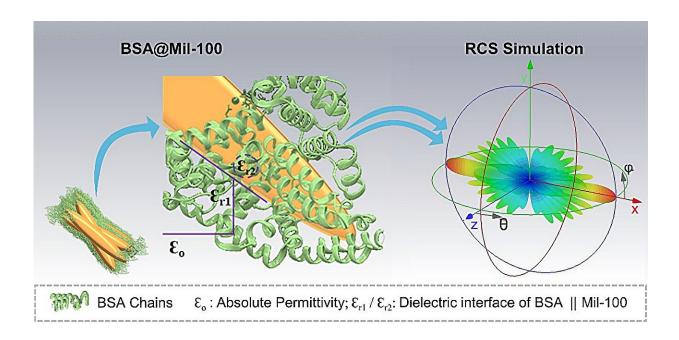


## Novel framework promotes efficient electromagnetic wave absorption

October 10 2023, by Zhang Nannan



The results uncover intricate structural parameters, particularly protein cage thickness, and their impact on electromagnetic properties. The present exploration dissects their role in shaping dielectric properties and achieving optimal impedance matching, shedding light on structural mechanisms that contribute to the material's radar cross section (RCS) absorption performance. Credit: Sajid

A research team led by Prof. Wang Junfeng from the Hefei Institutes of Physical Science of the Chinese Academy of Sciences has developed a bio-inspired metal-organic framework (Bio-MOF) to achieve efficient



absorption of electromagnetic waves.

The study was published in *Small*.

Metal organic frameworks (MOFs) are considered to be one of the excellent precursors for electromagnetic wave absorption materials. Typically, MOF-derived absorbing materials exhibit unique advantages in impedance matching and <u>microwave</u> loss due to their excellent conductivity, magnetism, sufficient defect sites and interfacial structure. However, to achieve efficient absorption of electromagnetic waves over a wide frequency range, multiple challenges need to be overcome while maintaining lightness and flexibility.

In this study, using biomineralized bovine serum albumin (BSA) protein as a template, the research team successfully controlled the crystal structure of Mil-100, a type of Fe-based MOF material.

This led to the development of a unique biological MOF material called BSA@Mil-100, which exhibited a hierarchical self-assembled structure ranging from the nano to micrometer scale and exhibited remarkable microwave absorption (MA) properties.

"Compared to conventional Mil-100, BSA@Mil-100 showed significant improvements in its ability to absorb microwaves," said Sajid ur Rehman, first author of the study.

The research results showed that at a super high frequency range of 8.85 GHz, BSA@Mil-100 achieved remarkably improved microwave absorption performance. It reached an absorption level of -58 dB and a broadband width of 6.79 GHz.

This approach represents a promising frontier in the design of highperformance microwave <u>absorption</u> materials, according to the team.



**More information:** Sajid ur Rehman et al, Hierarchical-Bioinspired MOFs Enhanced Electromagnetic Wave Absorption, *Small* (2023). <u>DOI:</u> <u>10.1002/smll.202306466</u>

## Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences

Citation: Novel framework promotes efficient electromagnetic wave absorption (2023, October 10) retrieved 20 May 2024 from <a href="https://phys.org/news/2023-10-framework-efficient-electromagnetic-absorption.html">https://phys.org/news/2023-10-framework-efficient-electromagnetic-absorption.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.