

## **Study reports observation of nonlinear disclination states**

September 1 2023



Excitation of nonlinear disclination states by high-power Gaussian input beams in dis-clination arrays with different rotational symmetry. The output beams are well local-ized at the sites belonging to the disclination core. The hexagons indicate unit cells of the structure while the ellipses represent the sites. Credit: Yiqi Zhang and Y. V. Kartashov

Higher-order topological insulators are unusual materials that can support topologically protected states. Recently discovered disclination



states also belong to the class of higher-order topological states but are bound to the boundary of the disclination defect of the higher-order topological insulator and can be predicted using the bulk-disclination correspondence principle.

So far, topological disclination states were observed only in the linear regime, while the interplay between nonlinearity and topology in the systems with disclinations has never been studied experimentally.

In a new paper published in *Light: Science & Applications*, a team of scientists, led by Professor Yaroslav V. Kartashov from Institute of Spectroscopy, Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia, and Professor Yiqi Zhang from Key Laboratory for Physical Electronics and Devices of the Ministry of Education & Shaanxi Key Lab of Information Photonic Technique, Xi'an Jiaotong University, China, have reported on the first experimental observation of the nonlinear photonic disclination states in waveguide arrays with pentagonal or heptagonal disclination cores inscribed in transparent optical medium using the fs-laser writing technique.

Nonlinear disclination states can be efficiently excited by Gaussian input beams when they are focused into the waveguides belonging to the disclination core of the array. Their spatial localization can be controlled by the input beam power. Corner states and edge states in these structures with disclinations are also studied.

Due to the compactness of disclination states, they are beneficial for the enhancement of nonlinear effects and for realization of stable lasing. In addition, disclination lattices can be used in the design of various nonlinear topological functional devices.

For example, disclination lattices may be potentially used for realization of lasing in states with different vorticity, limited by the discrete



rotational symmetry of the structure. Moreover, because in these systems disclination states coexist with topological corner states, one can potentially observe switching between lasing in these two different topological modes.

The disclination states that appear in aperiodic structures obtained due to specific deformations of periodic arrays substantially differ from previously considered higher-order insulator geometries, since systems with disclinations may have discrete rotational symmetries that are incompatible with crystalline symmetries and cannot be realized in usual higher-order insulators with periodic bulk.

The study of the interplay of nonlinear effects and topology in structures with disclinations and different discrete rotational symmetries may open a new avenue for an in-depth research of the behavior and applications of higher-order topological states. These scientists summarize the findings:

"Nonlinear disclination states open new prospects for investigation of nonlinear effects in topological systems with disclinations and may inspire new ideas in developing compact optical functional devices."

"The results are relevant for different areas of science, including Bose-Einstein and polariton condensates, where potentials with the disclinations can be created," the authors added.

**More information:** Boquan Ren et al, Observation of nonlinear disclination states, *Light: Science & Applications* (2023). DOI: 10.1038/s41377-023-01235-x

Provided by Chinese Academy of Sciences



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