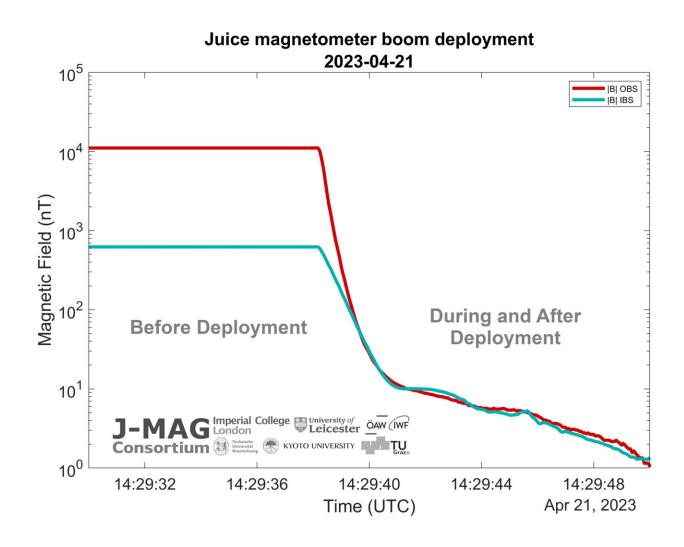


Jupiter Icy Moons Explorer's first taste of science from space

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Credit: ESA/Juice/J-MAG Consortium



ESA's Jupiter Icy Moons Explorer, Juice, has recorded magnetic field data as its 10.6 m-long magnetometer boom deployed.

Juice launched on 14 April, with deployments and activation of its antennas, booms, sensors and instruments ongoing over the next months in a dedicated check-out period known as the commissioning phase.

The Juice magnetometer boom (J-MAG) was deployed on 21 April, when Juice was about 1.7 million km from Earth.

Data collected by J-MAG captured the moment of deployment itself.

The plot shows the magnitude of the magnetic field from two sensors, as indicated by the red and turquoise lines, before (flat line) and during the deployment (curving lines). The two sensors are mounted on the outer segment of the boom and separated by about 3 m. The labels OBS and IBS indicate the data from the outboard (OBS) and inboard sensors (IBS), respectively. OBS is mounted close to the end of the 10.6 m boom.

The left side of the plot shows the field trace before the boom deployment. The sensors are up against the side of the spacecraft and OBS is located close to two spacecraft thrusters, which are quite magnetic, explaining the difference in the two field magnitudes.

The plot lines change as the boom deployment occurs, starting just after 14:29:38 UT and taking approximately two seconds.

Thereafter, the two field magnitudes are at a similar level, trending towards zero and stable, indicating that the boom has deployed the full 10.6 m and both sensors are measuring the ambient solar wind field.

The plot has been put together using very preliminary calibrations.



Detailed instrument commissioning will start next week, including operation in its more sensitive ranges. It will also see the first switch-on of the third J-MAG sensor that will measure the magnetic field magnitude.

Once in the Jupiter system in 2031, J-MAG will help characterize the planet's magnetic field and its interaction with that of giant moon Ganymede, and will study the subsurface oceans of the icy moons. J-MAG is one of ten instruments that will examine Jupiter and its largest ocean-bearing moons Ganymede, Europa and Callisto.

With the critical deployment of the solar arrays and the medium gain antenna following launch, the next three months will focus on deploying and checking out the instruments.

Provided by European Space Agency

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