

Size of X-ray beams successfully evaluated with mathematics

February 8 2023



X-ray beam diameter can be calculated more accurately with the new evaluation method than with conventional methods used previously. The new method shows the same X-ray beam diameter, which remained consistent during this test, when using different wires with variable thickness. Credit: Kouichi Tsuji, Osaka Metropolitan University

X-ray fluorescence analysis allows elemental analysis in a variety of environments without destroying the sample. The smaller diameter of



the X-ray microbeam, the more accurate the elemental distribution can be. Because X-ray beams are not visible, an accurate method is needed to determine beam diameter.

A research group led by Professor Kouichi Tsuji and Specially Appointed Assistant Professor Tsugufumi Matsuyama of the Graduate School of Engineering, and Professor Hideyuki Ishi of the Graduate School of Science, at Osaka Metropolitan University, has developed a new method to evaluate the <u>diameter</u> of X-ray microbeams based on <u>mathematical analysis</u>. While validating the new method, it was found that it can be used to calculate beam diameters more accurately than previously used conventional methods.

Currently, no uniform evaluation method for X-ray beam diameter has been established. Since this evaluation method was derived using mathematical analysis, it is expected to be widely adopted as an international standard. Potential applications of X-ray fluorescence analysis include materials development, environmental analysis, <u>forensic</u> <u>science</u>, biological sample analysis, and analysis of archaeological and culturally significant objects.

Professor Tsuji concluded, "We hope that this evaluation method will be widely used, and that the establishment of this method of evaluating <u>spatial resolution</u> in X-ray fluorescence will contribute to the development of a wide range of fields, including material development and bio-imaging."

The research results were published in *X-Ray Spectrometry* on January 9, 2023.

More information: Masanori Nakae et al, Mathematical considerations for evaluating X-ray beam size in micro-XRF analysis, *X-Ray Spectrometry* (2023). DOI: 10.1002/xrs.3325



Provided by Osaka Metropolitan University

Citation: Size of X-ray beams successfully evaluated with mathematics (2023, February 8) retrieved 28 June 2024 from <u>https://phys.org/news/2023-02-size-x-ray-successfully-mathematics.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.