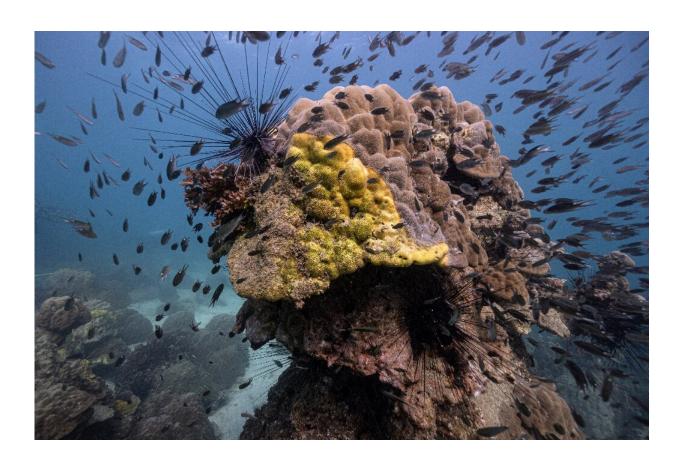


'It just dies': Yellow-band disease ravages Thailand's coral reefs

December 28 2022, by Montira RUNGJIRAJITTRANON



Yellow-band disease is rapidly spreading and killing corals off the eastern coast of Thailand.

Underneath the calm turquoise waters off eastern Thailand, a rapidly spreading disease is killing corals over vast stretches of the sea floor, and



scientists fear it may be getting worse because of climate change.

Yellow-band disease—named for the color it turns corals before destroying them—was first spotted decades ago and has caused widespread damage to reefs in the Caribbean. There is no known cure.

But it was detected for the first time off Thailand's eastern coast just last year, near the popular tourist city of Pattaya, and has already spread over roughly 600 acres (240 hectares) of the sea.

"I haven't seen anything like this before," said marine scientist Lalita Putchim, of Thailand's Department of Marine and Coastal Resources.

"Everywhere we went we saw it, and we expect to see more of it as we go."

Scientists believe overfishing, pollution and rising <u>water temperatures</u> because of <u>climate change</u> may be making the reefs more vulnerable to yellow-band disease.

The disease's impact cannot be reversed, unlike the effects of coral bleaching.

"When the coral is infected with this disease, it just dies," Lalita said.

The loss of corals could have a devastating impact on the ecosystem—the <u>reef</u> is "like a forest", sustaining massive amounts of life, and its death could eventually impact humans too, she added.





arine biologists and volunteers from Thailand's Department of Marine and Coastal Resources survey an outbreak of yellow-band disease.

Thai scientists are hoping their investigation into this outbreak will help find a way to stop or cure yellow-band disease.

On one research trip near Samaesan island in Chonburi district, Lalita and her team donned diving gear on a boat before heading underwater.

They photographed infected corals, taking measurements and photographs while harvesting samples to study later.

Thai marine authorities are using <u>social media</u> to track reports of infected reefs, and have also asked the public to report any sightings of



affected corals.



Coral samples infected with yellow-band disease off the coast of Samae San island in Thailand's Chonburi province.

Thai researchers have also been aided by local volunteers, as well as business owner Thanapon Chaivanichakul, who collected underwater photographic evidence.

"I was shocked when I first saw it," Thanapon told AFP, using a series of expletives to describe the disease.

The disease is also a threat to the livelihoods of many in the area.





Lalita 'Nan' Putchim, a marine biologist and specialist in coral biology, surveys an outbreak of yellow-band disease.

Choopan Sudjai, the owner of a sightseeing boat, relies on the income from tourists who come to see the area's natural beauty—especially the coral reefs.

"Now that the <u>coral</u> has been infected and will be destroyed, what will we do in five years?" said the 55-year-old.

"It feels as if our own home has been destroyed."

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