

Understanding the calcium carbonate cycle in the North Pacific

July 8 2022, by Aaron Sidder



Coccolithophores, shown here, are a key component of the marine carbon and calcium carbonate cycles. Credit: Patrizia Ziveri

Organic carbon and calcium carbonate are two critical components of the ocean's carbon cycle. Organic carbon originates mainly from phytoplankton photosynthesis, which is part of a complex biological pump. Calcium carbonate, meanwhile, largely derives from shellbuilding organisms like coccolithophores, foraminifera, and zooplankton



(pteropods). Yet how or if the calcium carbonate cycle interacts with organic carbon in the North Pacific is not well understood.

In a new study published in *Global Biogeochemical Cycles*, Adam Subhas and a research team used data from a 2017 summer expedition that visited five stations stretching from Hawaii to Alaska. They used advanced experimental tools, including high-resolution carbonate chemistry; conducted in situ dissolution experiments with carbon-13 as the tracer; and took particle flux measurements.

The results showed that organic carbon and <u>calcium carbonate</u> cycles are inextricably linked. The authors found that shallow calcium carbonate dissolution in the ocean is tied to organic carbon consumption from grazing zooplankton and respiring marine microbes. The data showed that all organisms that produce calcium carbonate also generated associated <u>organic carbon</u>. In addition, they found alkalinity partitioning between the shallow and deep oceans is due to a combined productionrespiration-dissolution cycle. The researchers note that the shallow alkalinity cycle could be a vital component of the <u>carbon cycle</u>.

The conclusions of this study highlight an understudied aspect of the marine carbon cycle, and clarification of carbon transport to the <u>deep</u> <u>ocean</u> has implications for carbon storage around the globe, according to the authors.

More information: Adam V. Subhas et al, Shallow Calcium Carbonate Cycling in the North Pacific Ocean, *Global Biogeochemical Cycles* (2022). DOI: 10.1029/2022GB007388

This story is republished courtesy of Eos, hosted by the American Geophysical Union. Read the original story <u>here</u>.



Provided by American Geophysical Union

Citation: Understanding the calcium carbonate cycle in the North Pacific (2022, July 8) retrieved 2 May 2024 from <u>https://phys.org/news/2022-07-calcium-carbonate-north-pacific.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.