

## Humans disrupting 66 million-year-old feature of ecosystems

April 21 2022



An illustration featuring mammalian herbivores (green), omnivores (purple), invertivores (yellow) and carnivores (red). Each column includes mammal species lost in the past 2.58 million years (light shade); those expected to be lost in the near future (medium shade, probability of extinction >50%); and those likely to persist (dark shade, probability of extinction

Citation: Humans disrupting 66 million-year-old feature of ecosystems (2022, April 21) retrieved 27 April 2024 from <a href="https://phys.org/news/2022-04-humans-disrupting-million-year-old-feature-ecosystems.html">https://phys.org/news/2022-04-humans-disrupting-million-year-old-feature-ecosystems.html</a>



This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.