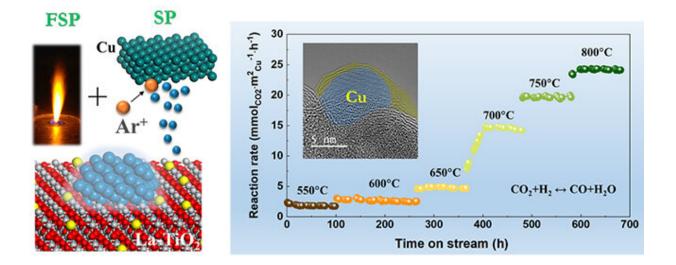


Scientists create ultra-stable Cu-based catalysts

December 14 2021, by Li Yuan



Ultra-stable Cu/LaTiO₂ heterogeneous catalyst at 800 degrees Celsius. Credit: Yu Jiafeng

The development of Cu-based catalysts is limited due to their poor thermal stability caused by the low Tammann temperature of Cu.

Recently, a research group led by Prof. Yu Jiafeng and Prof. Sun Jian from the Dalian Institute of Chemical Physics (DICP) of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) constructed an ultra-highly stable Cu-based <u>heterogeneous catalyst</u> at <u>high temperatures</u> by constructing classical strong metal-support interactions (SMSIs).



This study was published in *Nature Communications* on Dec. 10. Prof. Noritatsu Tsubaki from Japan's Toyama University and Prof. Liu Yuefeng from DICP were also involved in this study.

The researchers combined two unique technologies, magnetron sputtering (SP) and flame spray pyrolysis (FSP), to reconstruct the <u>electronic structure</u> of metallic Cu and the reducibility of the TiO_2 support, respectively.

They created the classic SMSI on non-noble metal Cu-based catalyst at mild reduction temperatures for the first time, and realized controllable preparation of ultra-highly stable Cu-based catalyst. This catalyst exhibited ultra-stable performance for more than 500 hours at 600 degrees Celsius. The sintering of Cu nanoparticles was effectively suppressed even at 800 degrees Celsius.

Moreover, the strength of SMSI could be effectively controlled not only by reducing temperatures as before but also by tailor-made Cu via sputtering power regulation or decorated supports for rational catalyst design on demands.

"We expect that our new findings will serve as a general guide to design a highly stable heterogeneous <u>catalyst</u> at a wider range of temperatures," said Prof. Sun.

More information: Jiafeng Yu et al, Ultra-high thermal stability of sputtering reconstructed Cu-based catalysts, *Nature Communications* (2021). DOI: 10.1038/s41467-021-27557-1

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