

NASA's Perseverance rover plans next sample attempt on Mars

August 26 2021



NASA's Perseverance Mars rover will abrade the rock at the center of this image, allowing scientists and engineers to assess whether it would hold up to the rover's more powerful sampling drill. Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech

In its search for signs of ancient microbial life on Mars, NASA's Perseverance rover is once again preparing to collect the first of many rock core samples that could eventually be brought to Earth for further study.



This week, a tool on the rover's 7-foot-long (2-meter-long) <u>robotic arm</u> will abrade the surface of a <u>rock</u> nicknamed "Rochette," allowing scientists to look inside and determine whether they want to capture a sample with the rover's coring bit. Slightly thicker than a pencil, the sample would be sealed in one of the 42 remaining titanium tubes aboard the rover.

Should the team decide to acquire a core from this rock, the sampling process would be initiated next week.

The mission attempted to capture their first record of the crater floor on Aug. 6 from a rock that ultimately proved too crumbly, breaking into powder and fragments of material too small to be retained in the sample tube before it was sealed and stored within the rover.



A close-up of the rock, nicknamed "Rochette," that the Perseverance science team will examine in order to determine whether to take a rock core sample



from it. Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech

Perseverance has since trucked 1,493 feet (455 meters) to a <u>ridge</u> nicknamed "Citadelle"—French for "castle"—a reference to how this craggy spot overlooks Jezero Crater's floor. The ridge is capped with a layer of rock that appears to resist wind erosion, a sign that it's more likely to hold up during drilling.

"There are potentially older rocks in the 'South Séítah' region ahead of us, so having this younger sample can help us reconstruct the whole timeline of Jezero," said Vivian Sun, one of the mission's scientists at NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Southern California.

The team has added a step to the sampling process for this coming attempt: After using its Mastcam-Z camera system to peer inside the sample tube, the rover will pause the sampling sequence so the team can review the image to ensure a rock core is present. Once a sample is confirmed, they will command Perseverance to seal the tube.

Although the pulverized rock eluded capture in the initial sampleacquisition effort, the first sample tube still contains a sample of Martian atmosphere, which the mission had originally planned to acquire at a later time.

"By returning samples to Earth, we hope to answer a number of scientific questions, including the composition of Mars' atmosphere," said Ken Farley, Perseverance's project scientist at Caltech in Pasadena, California. "That's why we're interested in an atmospheric sample along with rock samples."

While atop Citadelle, Perseverance will use its subsurface radar, called



RIMFAX—short for Radar Imager for Mars' Subsurface Experiment—to peer at rock layers below it. The top of the ridge will also provide a great vantage point for Mastcam-Z to look for other potential rock targets in the area.

A key objective for Perseverance's mission on Mars is astrobiology, including the search for signs of ancient microbial life. The rover will characterize the planet's geology and past climate, pave the way for human exploration of the Red Planet, and be the first mission to collect and cache Martian rock and regolith (broken rock and dust).

Subsequent NASA missions, in cooperation with ESA (European Space Agency), would send spacecraft to Mars to collect these sealed samples from the surface and return them to Earth for in-depth analysis.

More information: For more about Perseverance: mars.nasa.gov/mars2020/ and nasa.gov/perseverance

Provided by NASA

Citation: NASA's Perseverance rover plans next sample attempt on Mars (2021, August 26) retrieved 19 April 2024 from

https://phys.org/news/2021-08-nasa-perseverance-rover-sample-mars.html

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