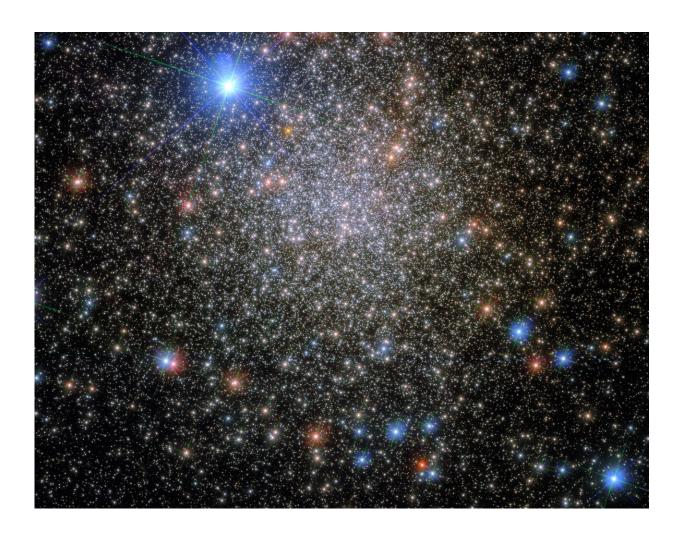


Hubble reveals a 'rediscovered' star cluster

July 19 2021, by Claire Andreoli



Credit: ESA/Hubble & NASA, E. Noyola

This image shows the globular cluster NGC 6380, which lies around 35,000 light-years from Earth, in the constellation Scorpio (the



Scorpion). Globular clusters are spherical groups of stars held together by gravity; they often contain some of the oldest stars in their galaxies. The very bright star at the top of the image is HD 159073, which is only around 4,000 light-years from Earth, making it a much nearer neighbor than NGC 6380. This image was taken with Hubble's Wide Field Camera 3, which, as its name suggests, has a wide field of view, meaning that it can image relatively large areas of the sky in enormous detail.

NGC 6380 is not a particularly exciting name, but it indicates that this cluster is cataloged in the New General Catalog, which was originally compiled in 1888. This cluster has, however, been known by many other names. It was originally discovered by James Dunlop in 1826, and he rather immodestly named it Dun 538. Eight years later, in 1834, it was independently rediscovered by John Herschel and he (similarly immodestly) went on to name it H 3688. The cluster was re-rediscovered in 1959 by Paris Pişmiş, who cataloged it as Tonantzintla 1—and who, to continue the pattern, also referred to it as Pişmiş 25.

In addition to its colorful history of rediscovery, up until the 1950s NGC 6380 was thought to be an <u>open cluster</u>. It was A. D. Thackeray who realized that it was in fact a globular cluster. Nowadays, this cluster is reliably recognized in widely available catalogs as a globular <u>cluster</u>, and referred to simply as NGC 6380.

Provided by NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center

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