

Conservationists urge Congo to reverse pay-to-poach decision

July 23 2021



Congo had only recently been praised by UNESCO for elephant conservation efforts.

Environmentalists in the Democratic Republic of Congo on Thursday

urged the government to reverse a move to tax rather than forbid poaching, saying the move endangered millions in conservation funds.

"With this measure to maximise revenues, the Congolese Institute for Conservation of Nature (ICCN) won't be able to do its work of preserving species in danger of dying out," the organisation's chief Cosma Wilungula told reporters at a news conference.

In a joint decision this month, the DRC's environment and finance ministries said killing, owning or selling protected species would be allowed on payment of a tax.

It now costs \$2,885 to kill a forest elephant, while the amount to kill, eat or sell a [mountain gorilla](#) is \$1,925.

"This decree does away with (the crime of) illegal trafficking of protected species," Wilunga said, warning that backers would not pay out around \$32 million used for conservation each year if the rule stands.

He added that the comparatively low tax payments would create a profit incentive for poaching, with elephant ivory commanding up to \$600 per kilogramme (2.2 pounds) on the [local market](#) and a baby gorilla worth \$100,000.

Just this month, UNESCO's World Heritage Committee removed the DRC's vast Salonga [national park](#) from a list of threatened sites, praising [conservation efforts](#) including for forest elephants and bonobo apes.

© 2021 AFP

Citation: Conservationists urge Congo to reverse pay-to-poach decision (2021, July 23) retrieved 24 May 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2021-07-conservationists-urge-congo-reverse-pay-to-poach.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.