

Effective Field Theories and the nature of the universe

March 24 2021



This is an image of a two-dimensional hypersurface of the quintic Calabi-Yau three-fold. Credit: Jbourjai/Wikipedia.



What is the world made of? This question, which goes back millennia, was revisited by theoretical physicist Steven Weinberg from the University of Texas in Austin, TX, USA in the first of an international seminar series, 'All Things EFT.' Weinberg's seminar has now been published as an article in the journal *EPJ H*.

And Weinberg is well placed to discuss both Effective Field Theories (EFTs) and the nature of the Universe, as he shared the 1979 Nobel Prize for Physics for developing a theory to unify the weak and electromagnetic interactions between <u>elementary particles</u>. This fed into the development of the widely used Standard Model of particle physics that unifies these two forces with the strong interaction.

The introduction to the article describes Weinberg as the 'pioneer' of EFTs. In his wide-ranging talk, Weinberg sets out the early history of EFTs from a personal perspective and describes some implications for future research.

Briefly, an EFT is a type of theory or approximation that describes a physical phenomenon at given length or energy scales, while averaging over shorter length or higher energy scales. Weinberg describes how the unifying Standard Model came to be seen as a valid approximation to a more fundamental theory that will likely take over at the highest energies, such as string theory.

He remembers how physicists of 1950s and 1960s had difficulty linking <u>quantum field theory</u> to the strong interaction. Eventually, he and others produced a standardized methodology that could fit observed data at least as well as the rather cumbersome mathematics that was being used. These ideas can be generalized; eventually, he states, "all [physicists'] theories will survive as approximations to a future <u>theory</u>."

As Weinberg explains, the techniques of EFTs apply to diverse areas



including hadronic physics and superconductivity. Weinberg clearly enjoys and values teaching, and his introduction to this key concept of particle <u>physics</u> in this first lecture is both engaging and enlightening.

More information: Steven Weinberg, On the development of effective field theory, *The European Physical Journal H* (2021). DOI: 10.1140/epjh/s13129-021-00004-x

Provided by Springer

Citation: Effective Field Theories and the nature of the universe (2021, March 24) retrieved 2 May 2024 from <u>https://phys.org/news/2021-03-effective-field-theories-nature-universe.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.