

# Take me to your leader: Space diplomacy 101

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Credit: SPACEX

Space has long been seen as the domain of scientists and engineers, but space also needs diplomacy.

But what exactly is space diplomacy and why do we need it?

Professor Melissa de Zwart is a self-described space nerd and the Dean



of Adelaide Law School.

She's a board member of <u>ANGELS</u>, a project that provides space legal and regulatory information to the public. She combines her passion for space with her expertise in law and diplomacy.

#### The dawn of space diplomacy

"Once space became possible, we had the Cold War powers recognize early on that, if they didn't reach international agreement, it was going to be curtains for everyone. Basically, mutually assured destruction," says Melissa.

The US and USSR were worried about Kessler syndrome, where broken pieces of space debris so pollute Earth's orbit that it would be almost impossible to send future satellites to space.

"Now we rely on the space industry for almost every aspect of our lives."

When the world powers set the laws for sending satellites to space, they thought only governments would do it.

But now businesses and even <u>individuals</u> are going to space, and we need new rules.

#### **Rockets are booming business**

Businesses are taking up more and more space ... in space. SpaceX launched a record number <u>143 satellites into space</u> in January 2021.

Other companies, like Amazon and OneWeb, are building their own satellite megaconstellations, covering the world in hundreds of orbiting



satellites.

"When the treaties were first drafted, they weren't contemplating commercial uses of space. So the liability rules were for countries," says Melissa.

"If I'm walking down the street and a satellite lands on me, I can't sue the person responsible. Only the Australian Government can do that on my behalf. Then the country responsible can choose to pursue the person who owns the satellite."

While a <u>satellite</u> falling from orbit and landing on you is unlikely (but not impossible, NASA's Skylab <u>fell to Australia</u> in 1979), space collisions and space pollution are real threats.

As space use grows, the need for rules for businesses and individuals grows. Two of the rulebooks being made include Australia's Woomera Manual and the United States' Artemis Accords.

But even by trying to put rules down, they create new problems.

## Why is space diplomacy so tough?

The Woomera Manual collects all the <u>international laws</u> on space into one document. One of its main goals is to stop space wars from happening.

"The Woomera Manual gets criticized because, if you accept that there could be conflict in space, you are giving countries a license to conduct war in space," says Melissa.

"The other way to approach that is to say wherever humans are there's a potential for conflict. So it's better for us to have rules in place before



that happens."

The other big document, which Australia signed on to last year, was the Artemis Accords. Started by the US, it brought together seven allied nations to build new rules on space.

### Hunting for peace

The Artemis Accords have rules about how civilians can use space, how to protect important pieces of space history and how countries can work together peacefully.

But plenty of major countries didn't sign on: India, China and Russia refused. For them, it's a difficult diplomatic question.



The Artemis Accords govern peaceful space use. Credit: NASA TV



By agreeing to an <u>international treaty</u>, they could be agreeing to things not in their best interests, but by not taking part, <u>space law</u> is being made without them.

"It's a good thing and a bad thing. In a sense, this is the US shaping international space law. That's what worries certain countries," says Melissa.

While it would be great if space was a domain of pure science, as humans, we're still tethered to Earth's history and issues.

And because of this, <u>space</u> needs experts on humans as much as it needs experts on rockets.

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Provided by Particle

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