

Link between education, income inequality has existed for a century

July 28 2020, by Amy McCaig



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Income is inextricably linked to access to education in America and it has been for a century, according to a new study from researchers at Stanford University and Rice University.



"A century of educational <u>inequality</u> in the United States," published July 27 in *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, examines the link between education and income dating back to the early the 20th century. The research draws upon a dozen nationally representative datasets on college enrollment and completion between 1908 and 1995 as well as tax data from more recent years. It is one of the first studies to examine this link over such an extended period of time.

Researchers Michelle Jackson from Stanford and Brian Holzman from Rice's Houston Education Research Consortium, part of the Kinder Institute for Urban Research and School of Social Sciences, found that income and <u>educational inequality</u> moved in lockstep with one another throughout the 20th century. The authors said previous studies of this topic, which haven't examined data going so far back in time, did not reveal such a strong link.

Their paper detailed how inequality in college enrollment and completion rose in the 1930s and 1940s amid rising <u>income inequality</u>; was low for Americans born in the late 1950s and 1960s, when income inequality was low; and rose again for Americans born in the late 1980s, when income inequality peaked. This U-turn indicates the nation is experiencing levels of collegiate inequality not seen for generations, the authors wrote.

"Long story short, the findings reveal that longstanding worries about income inequality and its relationship to college opportunity are warranted," Holzman said.

One notable exception was during the Vietnam War. For <u>young people</u> at risk of serving in the war, collegiate inequality was high while income inequality was low. During this period, inequality in <u>college enrollment</u> and completion was significantly higher among men than women, suggesting a bona fide "Vietnam War effect," according to the paper.



The researchers hope the paper will further demonstrate the systemic nature of the link between income and education and inform future work on increasing educational opportunities, particularly for disadvantaged people.

More information: Michelle Jackson el al., "A century of educational inequality in the United States," *PNAS* (2020). <u>www.pnas.org/cgi/doi/10.1073/pnas.1907258117</u>

Provided by Rice University

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