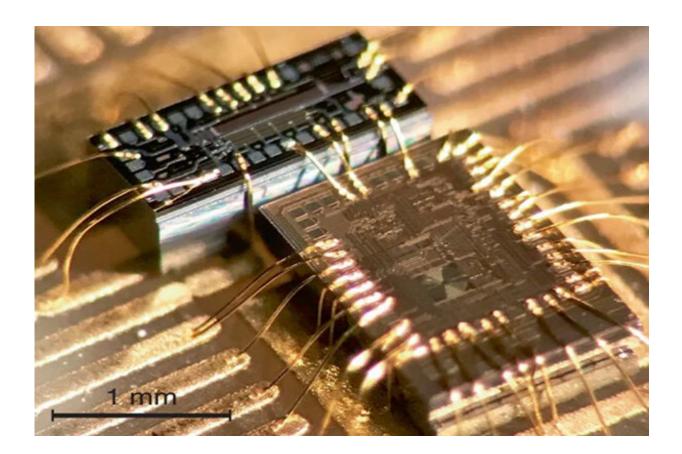


State-of-the-art lasers at the micro level

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This three-square-millimeter filter chip can take the output of low-cost lasers and convert it such that it has the same frequency noise as bigger and significantly more expensive lasers. Credit: Penn Engineering

Many emerging technologies rely on high-quality lasers. Laser-based LiDAR sensors can provide highly accurate scans of three-dimensional spaces, and as such are crucial in applications ranging from autonomous



vehicles to geological mapping technologies and emergency response systems. High-quality lasers are also a key part of the high-speed, highvolume data centers that are the backbone of the internet.

When assessing the quality of a <u>laser</u>, researchers look to the noise in a laser's frequency, or the number of times the laser's light wave toggles in each second. Low-quality, "noisy" lasers have more random variations in those toggles, making them useless for systems that are meant to return <u>accurate measurements</u> or convey densely packed information.

At present, lasers with adequately low frequency noise are bulky, expensive and an impractical choice for mass manufacturing. Penn Engineers have set out to solve this problem with a device called a "phase noise filter" that can turn low-cost, compact lasers into those suitable for LiDAR and more.

Firooz Aflatouni, Skirkanich Assistant Professor in Electrical and Systems Engineering, is an expert at combining photonic and electronic elements on single microchips, getting the most out of both systems. Now, he and lab member Mohamad Hossein Idjadi have applied this expertise toward reducing low-cost lasers' frequency <u>noise</u>, achieving the same, if not better, performance as the larger, more expensive lasers.

Aflatouni and Idjadi published a study outlining the performance of their filter in *Nature Photonics*.

More information: Mohamad Hossein Idjadi et al. Nanophotonic phase noise filter in silicon, *Nature Photonics* (2020). <u>DOI:</u> <u>10.1038/s41566-020-0605-1</u>

Provided by University of Pennsylvania



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