

Determining the quantity and location of lipids in the brain

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Jonathan Sweedler is interested in analytical neurochemistry and studying the distribution of neurotransmitters. Credit: Della Perrone for the Beckman Institute for Advanced Science and Technology.

Researchers at the Beckman Institute at the University of Illinois at



Urbana-Champaign have developed a new technique that can determine the specific molecular form, location, and the amount of lipids in samples of rat brain tissue. The technique provides more information than previous methods.

The paper "Quantitative Imprint Mass Spectrometry Imaging of Endogenous Ceramides in Rat Brain Tissue with Kinetic Calibration" was published in *Analytical Chemistry*.

"The brain is like a bar of butter. The most common molecules are water and lipids," said Jonathan Sweedler, James R. Eiszner Family Endowed Chair in Chemistry and the director of the School of Chemical Sciences. "Unfortunately, we don't fully understand the chemical complexity of lipids in the brain, which makes it hard to know their functions and how they are affected by different diseases."

Previous research in the field determined the <u>lipid</u> composition in a brain region, but not the localization or amount. The Sweedler Research Group refined a new technique called mass spectroscopy imaging that measures all three. "The technique allows us to look at a slice of a rat brain and figure out the locations of specific and unusual lipids," Sweedler said.

Members of the Sweedler Research Group imprinted the tissues onto slides containing chemicals that could diffuse into the tissues and vice versa. "It's like taking a piece of paper with ink and putting silly putty on it and seeing the image on the silly putty," Sweedler said. Using this technique, the researchers were able to determine the distribution and amount of ceramides, which are important in learning and memory, in the tissue samples.

However, there are disadvantages to the technique. "Although it works well for certain categories of lipids, we haven't shown that it works for



the molecules found in the brain," Sweedler said. "Additionally, it requires more steps because you have to prepare the <u>brain</u> sample and the surfaces that have the <u>chemical</u> coating."

The researchers hope that this technique will help them look at how the lipid composition changes in response to pain medicines and drugs of abuse. This may help in the search for alternatives to existing treatments for chronic pain.

More information: Qian Wu et al, Quantitative Imprint Mass Spectrometry Imaging of Endogenous Ceramides in Rat Brain Tissue with Kinetic Calibration, *Analytical Chemistry* (2020). <u>DOI:</u> 10.1021/acs.analchem.0c00392

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