

Study highlights gallium oxide's promise for next generation radiation detectors

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New research from North Carolina State University finds that radiation detectors making use of single-crystal gallium oxide allow for monitoring X-ray radiation in near-real time.

"We found that the [gallium](#) oxide [radiation](#) detector worked very fast, which could offer benefits to many applications such as [medical imaging](#)," says Ge Yang, an assistant professor of nuclear engineering at NC State and corresponding author of a paper on the work. "This is particularly exciting because recent research tells us that gallium oxide has excellent radiation hardness—meaning it will keep doing its job even when exposed to high amounts of radiation.

"In short, we think this material is faster than many existing materials used in X-ray detection—and able to withstand higher levels of radiation."

For this study, the researchers made a radiation detector that incorporated a single-crystal sample of gallium oxide with electrodes attached on either side. The researchers applied different bias voltages across the gallium oxide while exposing the material to X-ray radiation.

The researchers found that there was a linear increase in current passing out of the gallium oxide relative to the level of X-ray exposure. In other words, the higher the level of X-ray radiation exposure, the higher the increase in current from the gallium oxide.

"This linear relationship, coupled with the fast response time and radiation hardness, make this a very exciting material for use in radiation detector technologies," Yang says. "These could be used in conjunction with medical imaging technologies, or in security applications like those found at airports."

More information: Ibrahim Hany et al, Fast X-ray detectors based on bulk β -Ga₂O₃ (Fe), *Journal of Materials Science* (2020). [DOI: 10.1007/s10853-020-04665-9](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10853-020-04665-9)

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