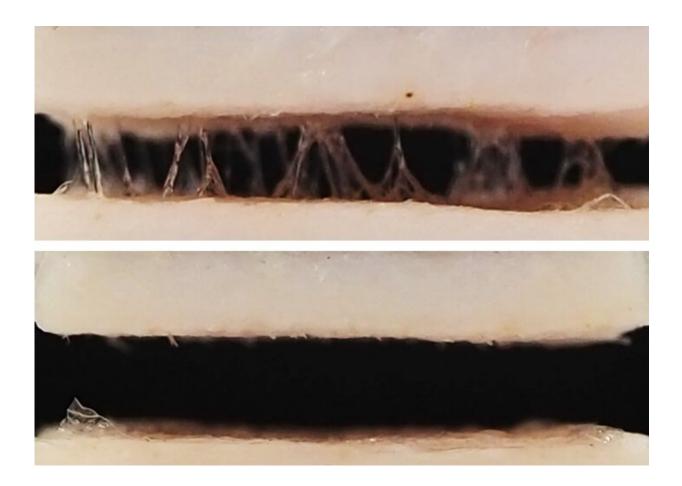


Improving adhesives for wearable sensors

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A film made of 4C3-PVA remained stuck to two pig skin surfaces when they were separated (top); an unmodified PVA film did not (bottom). Credit: Adapted from *ACS Omega* 2020, DOI: 10.1021/acsomega.9b03305

By conveniently and painlessly collecting data, wearable sensors create many new possibilities for keeping tabs on the body. In order to work,



these devices need to stay next to the skin. In a study described in *ACS Omega*, researchers tweaked a widely used polymer to create a potential new adhesive to keep these sensors in place.

Wearable devices are making an impact in medicine. For example, they are being used to monitor <u>blood sugar</u> without drawing blood, and some can automatically measure hospital patients' vital signs. Sensors like these are often put in place using acrylic-based medical bandages. However, the adhesives on these bandages can provoke <u>allergic reactions</u> or cause pain when removed. Another option, silicone-based adhesives, doesn't cause irritation, but also doesn't stay put. Other adhesives, including bio-inspired ones that mimic gecko feet and octopus suckers, are not yet practical for mass production. To develop a better alternative, Xi Chen and Tetsushi Taguchi turned to a polymer, poly (vinyl alcohol) (PVA), which is not irritating to the skin and is currently used in some wound dressings, contact lenses and other similar items.

Despite its many appealing properties, PVA can come off easily when wet. So, the researchers modified the compound by adding alkyl chains to try to improve its adhesion. They made versions with chains that contained three, six or nine methylene carbons, then tested them to see which performed best. It turned out that films made of longer chain versions were more hydrophobic, but had less tensile strength. Cells best tolerated the short chain known as 4C3-PVA, and in tests with pig skin, they found it bonded most strongly. The researchers conclude that 4C3-PVA is a promising adhesive for wearable devices.

More information: Xi Chen et al. Enhanced Skin Adhesive Property of Hydrophobically Modified Poly(vinyl alcohol) Films, *ACS Omega* (2020). DOI: 10.1021/acsomega.9b03305



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