

15,000-year-old viruses found in Tibetan glacier

January 24 2020, by Bob Yirka



Credit: CC0 Public Domain

A team of researchers from The Ohio State University and Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory has found a host of ancient virus groups in ice cores taken from a Tibetan glacier. They have written a paper about



their discovery and uploaded it to the bioRxiv preprint server.

Back in 1992, a team of researchers collected ice core samples from a glacier in the Tibetan Plateau—they calculated the ice to be approximately 15,000 years old. Some of the samples were put into cold storage for study at a later date. Then, in 2015, another team collected ice core samples from the same glacier—they were also put into cold storage for later study. In this new effort, the researchers carried out one part of the testing planned for the cores—looking at what sort of organisms might be trapped in them.

When the two teams originally collected their <u>ice core samples</u>, they did not ensure the equipment they were using would not contaminate the cores they were collecting. That meant the researchers with this new effort had to take special care to remove any contamination that had occurred during initial extraction and to make sure they did not introduce any contaminants of their own.

To ensure a pristine sample, the researchers, working in a freezer, first cut off some of the outer layer of each core <u>sample</u>. Each of the samples was then washed with ethanol to melt off approximately 0.2 inches of ice. Each was then washed again with sterile water to melt off another 0.2 inches of ice. The team also created test samples by repeating the same cleaning procedure on ice cores that had first been covered with known viruses and bacteria. The samples that remained were then deemed pristine and ready for study.

A close look at the newly cleaned ice cores revealed the presence of 33 groups of <u>virus</u> genera, 28 of which are not known to modern science. The researchers noted that the viruses they found in the cores from the two sites differed from one another, likely because they represented different points in time and thus differences in climate. They note that their work might grow in importance as the planet heats up due to <u>global</u>



warming and melts glaciers, possibly unleashing deadly viruses.

More information: Zhi-Ping Zhong et al. Glacier ice archives fifteenthousand-year-old viruses, *bioRxiv* (2020). DOI: 10.1101/2020.01.03.894675

© 2020 Science X Network

Citation: 15,000-year-old viruses found in Tibetan glacier (2020, January 24) retrieved 19 April 2024 from https://phys.org/news/2020-01-year-old-viruses-tibetan-glacier.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.