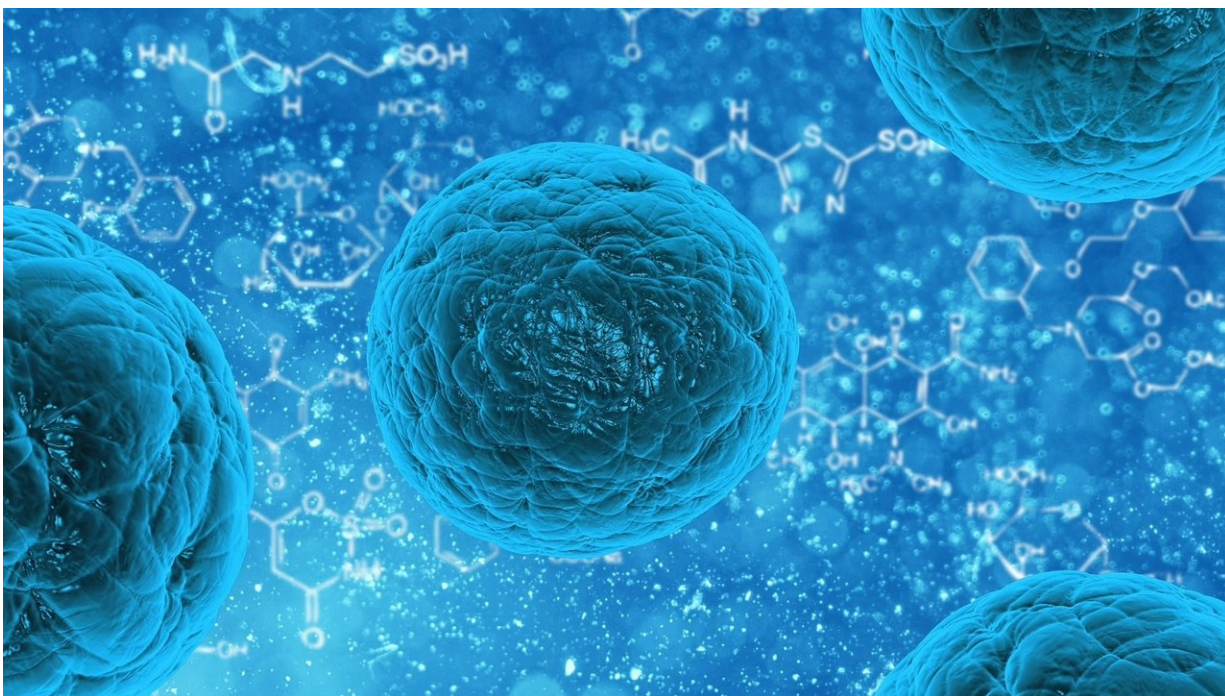


Male and female mice have different brain cells

October 17 2019



Credit: CC0 Public Domain

Caltech researchers have discovered rare brain cell types that are unique to male mice and other types that are unique to female mice. These sex-specific cells were found in a region of the brain that governs both aggression and mating behaviors.

The study was done as a collaboration between the laboratory of David

Anderson, Seymour Benzer Professor of Biology, Tianqiao and Chrissy Chen Institute for Neuroscience Leadership Chair, Howard Hughes Medical Institute Investigator, and director of the Tianqiao and Chrissy Chen Institute for Neuroscience; and a team at the Allen Institute for Brain Sciences in Seattle, Washington. A paper describing the research appears online on October 17 in the journal *Cell*.

"The results show that there are differences between male and female mammalian brains at the level of cellular composition as well as gene expression but that those differences are subtle, and their functional significance remains to be explained," says Anderson.

There are many different types of [cells](#) within the [brain](#), such as neurons that transmit signals and [glial cells](#) that support neural functions. Although all of these cells contain the same set of [genes](#), or genome, the types of cells differ in how they express those genes. As an analogy, one can imagine the genome as an 88-key piano in each cell. Each cell does not use all 88 keys. Therefore, the subset of keys that the cell "plays" determines the type of cell it is.

The hypothalamus is a fundamental region of the brain found in all vertebrates including humans. Previous studies have shown that a specific anatomic subdivision in the hypothalamus, called the ventrolateral subdivision of the ventromedial hypothalamus (VMHvl), contains cells that control aggression and mating behaviors. In these studies, strong stimulation of these neurons in male and [female mice](#) immediately caused the animals to become aggressive, even in the absence of any threat. However, weak stimulation caused the mice to begin mating behaviors.

In this new work, led by Caltech graduate student Dong-Wook Kim, the researchers examined gene expression in individual cells in the VMHvl. This was made possible by advanced transcriptomic techniques that can

enumerate and identify the RNA transcripts that a cell contains; this information can then be used to classify different cell types. Previous studies were only able to examine 10 percent of the transcripts in each cell, whereas this study looked at a larger proportion of transcripts. The team discovered that there are 17 different types of brain cells in this tiny region alone. What is more, an examination of the patterns of [gene expression](#) revealed that some of these 17 cell types are much more abundant in [male mice](#) than in females, while others are found only in females.

It was known that different genes are expressed in the two mouse sexes—indeed, a genetic test can tell you whether a mouse is male or female—but this is the first discovery of types of cells that are sex-specific in a mammalian brain. Cells are considered to be distinct types when the expression of large clusters of genes varies from cell to cell.

Future work will try to determine the functions of these differing cell types.

The paper is titled, "Multimodal Analysis of Cell Types in a Hypothalamic Node Controlling Social Behavior."

More information: Dong-Wook Kim et al, Multimodal Analysis of Cell Types in a Hypothalamic Node Controlling Social Behavior, *Cell* (2019). [DOI: 10.1016/j.cell.2019.09.020](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2019.09.020)

Provided by California Institute of Technology

Citation: Male and female mice have different brain cells (2019, October 17) retrieved 3 May 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2019-10-male-female-mice-brain-cells.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.