

## **Researchers discover what makes deep-sea dragonfish teeth transparent**

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Deep-sea dragonfish with transparent teeth. Credit: David Baillot/UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering

A team of researchers led by the University of California San Diego have discovered what's responsible for making the teeth of the deep-sea



dragonfish transparent. This unique adaptation, which helps camouflage the dragonfish from their prey, results from their teeth having an unusually crystalline nanostructure mixed with amorphous regions. The findings could provide "bioinspiration" for researchers looking to develop transparent ceramics.

Researchers detail their findings in a paper published June 5 in the journal *Matter*.

Deep-sea creatures have evolved some fascinating adaptations such as bioluminescence, eyes that can see in low light, and mouths that can engulf much larger prey. Some species, such as the deep-sea dragonfish (*Aristostomias scintillans*), have transparent teeth.

"It's an adaptation that, to our knowledge, has not yet been explored in detail," said Audrey Velasco-Hogan, a materials science Ph.D. student at the UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering and first author of the study. "By studying why these teeth are transparent, we can better understand deep-sea organisms like the dragonfish and the adaptations they evolved to live in their environments."

Transparent teeth, along with a dark body, make the dragonfish essentially invisible to their prey, explained Velasco-Hogan. Because of this camouflage, dragonfish are among the top predators of the deep sea despite being small (measuring about 15 centimeters long) and relatively slow.





View of a deep-sea dragonfish under magnification. Credit: David Baillot/UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering

"They spend most of their time sitting around with their jaws open, waiting for something to come by. Their teeth are always exposed, so it's important that they are transparent so they don't reflect or scatter any bioluminescent light from the environment," Velasco-Hogan said.

To solve the mysteries of the dragonfish's dental disguise, researchers imaged and analyzed the nanostructure of the teeth using a combination of electron microscopy, focused ion beam and nanoindentation tests. They discovered that the teeth have unique characteristics both in their outer enamel-like layer and inner dentin layer.



The enamel-like layer consists of hydroxyapatite nanocrystals structured in a way that prevents light from scattering or reflecting off the surface of the teeth. The dentin layer is also structured in its own particular way. It lacks microscopic channels called dentin tubules, which are what give the teeth of humans and other animals their color. The absence of tubules is also responsible for making dragonfish teeth transparent.

"Typically, teeth are not nanostructured. And they tend to have microscale features such as dentin tubules. From a materials perspective, it's really interesting to see that dragonfish teeth have architectures that we do not see in others," Velasco-Hogan said.

"I also find it fascinating how there are fundamental similarities between materials in the lab and in nature," she added. "Experimentally, we know that the way to make a material transparent is by reducing its grain size to make it nanostructured. So to see that is also how nature is accomplishing transparency is an interesting parallel."





L-R: Marc Meyers, UC San Diego professor in the Departments of NanoEngineering and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, and Audrey Velasco-Hogan, a materials science Ph.D. student at UC San Diego. Credit: David Baillot/UC San Diego Jacobs School of Engineering

## Interdisciplinary teamwork

Velasco-Hogan was part of an interdisciplinary team of researchers who were the first to study the dragonfish teeth in detail. Velasco-Hogan imaged the teeth, characterized their transparency and studied their mechanical properties. She worked under the direction of Marc Meyers, a professor in the Departments of NanoEngineering and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering at UC San Diego.



"My group is always looking for new materials in nature to study," said Meyers, whose research focuses on biomimicry. "And interdisciplinary collaborations are a key part of our work. When we bring scientists from different backgrounds together, we can advance the knowledge in our fields in ways that a single lab could not do alone."



The transparent teeth of the deep-sea dragonfish. Credit: Audrey Velasco

They collaborated with Dimitri Deheyn, a marine biologist at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography at UC San Diego who researches bioluminescence and biomimicry. Deheyn suggested the idea for the study, collected the specimens, conducted imaging experiments and



characterized the transparency of the teeth.

"Taking advantage of the ultimate adaptation organisms show to specific environments has always been a driver for technological innovation, and the dragonfish is no exception to this," said Deheyn. "There is clearly still broad inspiration to gather from the dragonfish and nature in general, and this intercept between biology and engineering through biomimicry is clearly a lucrative path for sustainable innovations."

The team also involved the lab of Eduard Arzt, Director of the Leibniz Institute for New Materials (INM) in Saarbrücken, Germany. Marcus Koch, who is Head of Physical Analytics at INM, analyzed the nanostructure of the <u>teeth</u> with a specialized electron microscope. Birgit Nothdurft, a technician in the Division of Physical Analytics at INM, performed a highly specialized preparation of the specimens.

**More information:** *Matter*, Velasco-Hogan et al.: "On the nature of the transparent teeth of the deep-sea dragonfish (Aristostomias scintillans)" <u>www.cell.com/matter/fulltext/S2590-2385(19)30035-9</u>, <u>DOI: 10.1016/j.matt.2019.05.010</u>

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