

Biodiversity is key to kelp forest health

May 15 2019



Senorita fish swim among red, brown and green algae. The algae are plentiful under the kelp forest canopy. Credit: Bob Miller

An ecosystem is made up of species, populations, communities, and a network of communities across a region.



A team led by NSF-funded researchers at the University of California-Santa Barbara (UCSB) has published a paper in the journal *Ecology* showing how these different levels combine to form an ecosystem. The research was conducted in an underwater giant kelp forest off Santa Barbara.

"There's more stability from having more species than from having more patches [locations] where those species live," said UCSB ecologist and paper co-author Bob Miller.

In other words, biodiversity is the key.

"Ecosystems are like Russian dolls," said UCSB <u>marine biologist</u> and coauthor Thomas Lamy. "Stability is like the largest one. But inside you can see the influence of individual species, multi-species communities, and meta-communities spanning an entire region."

The scientists were surprised to find synchrony in the health of different kelp forest patches. "Along the California coast, many other seaweed species live beneath giant kelp," said David Garrison, a program director in NSF's Division of Ocean Sciences. "Kelp forests remain relatively stable because of the diversity and growth of these understory <u>species</u>. The understory may be very important for the fish and invertebrates that live in <u>kelp</u> beds."

The research was conducted at NSF's Santa Barbara Coastal LTER site, which focuses on studying the links among <u>kelp forests</u> and other ocean habitats, as well as connections with ecosystems on land. The LTER, or long-term ecological research, site is one in a network of such NSF sites.

"The LTER network is critical to providing long-term data about trends in marine ecosystems and about how biodiversity can affect communities over time," Miller said.



More information: Thomas Lamy et al. Species insurance trumps spatial insurance in stabilizing biomass of a marine macroalgal metacommunity, *Ecology* (2019). <u>DOI: 10.1002/ecy.2719</u>

Provided by National Science Foundation

Citation: Biodiversity is key to kelp forest health (2019, May 15) retrieved 2 May 2024 from <u>https://phys.org/news/2019-05-biodiversity-key-kelp-forest-health.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.