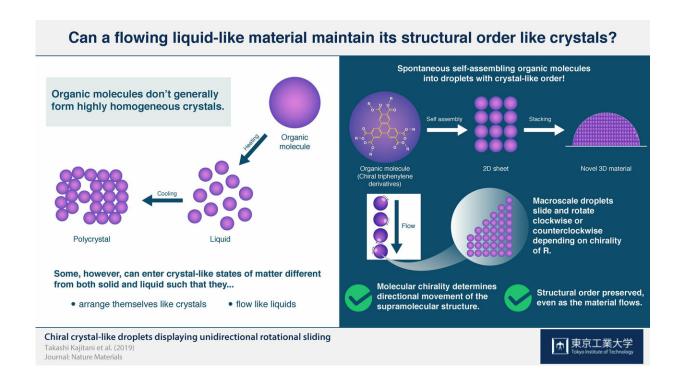


## Can a flowing liquid-like material maintain its structural order like crystals?

February 20 2019



Chiral crystal-like droplets displaying unidirectional rotational sliding. Credit: Tokyo Tech

Studying the crystalline structures of organic materials has enabled significant advances in both technology and the scientific understanding of the material world. Recently, a research team from Tokyo Tech, including Professor Takanori Fukushima, developed a new organic material with surprising and unprecedented properties.



The researchers designed a chiral triphenylene derivative with two enantiomers, structures that are mirror images. When heated and left to cool, its enantiomer first behaved like a liquid, but then self-assembled into a higher-order structure, with unexpected results. Through X-ray diffraction techniques, the team determined that the chiral compound spontaneously formed 2-D sheets (which look like herringbone fabric) and then stacked themselves into a periodic 3-D structure of an ordered crystal.

Surprisingly, when droplets of the material are placed on a vertical substrate and left to slide due to gravity, the ordered structure is preserved as the droplets slide and rotate. While the reason for this unexpected behavior is yet to be disclosed completely, this new material may be capable of self-restoring its structural order while sliding because it has both liquid-like and crystal-like properties. Moreover, the team found that the chirality of the compound determines if the rotating-sliding motion is clockwise or counterclockwise. "The fact that this macroscopic movement of the droplets can be controlled by the small-point chirality incorporated into the side chains of the molecules is surprising," says Prof. Fukushima.

Materials capable of preserving their structural properties at a long range would be in high demand because they could have potential applications in fields like electronics and optics. "The interesting behavior of our molecular assembly extends our fundamental understanding of the structure formation, motility and phase of soft materials," says Prof. Fukushima. These findings should be intriguing and inspiring for scientists trying to elucidate the properties of organic materials, thus deepening our understanding of the structural order in soft materials, and in turn, leading to significant advances in nanoscale technologies.

**More information:** Takashi Kajitani et al, Chiral crystal-like droplets displaying unidirectional rotational sliding, *Nature Materials* (2019).



## DOI: 10.1038/s41563-018-0270-7

## Provided by Tokyo Institute of Technology

Citation: Can a flowing liquid-like material maintain its structural order like crystals? (2019, February 20) retrieved 19 April 2024 from <a href="https://phys.org/news/2019-02-liquid-like-material-crystals.html">https://phys.org/news/2019-02-liquid-like-material-crystals.html</a>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.