

Unique camera enables researchers to see the world the way birds do

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The image to the right was taken with the specially designed camera. Credit: Cynthia Tedore

Using a specially designed camera, researchers at Lund University in Sweden have succeeded for the first time in recreating how birds see colours in their surroundings. The study reveals that birds see a very different reality compared to what we see.

Human colour vision is based on the three primary colours, red, green and blue. The colour vision of birds is based on the same three colours—but also ultraviolet. Biologists at Lund have now shown that the fourth primary colour of birds, ultraviolet, means that they see the world in a completely different way. Among other things, birds see contrasts in



dense forest foliage, whereas people only see a wall of green.

"What appears to be a green mess to humans consists of clearly distinguishable leaves for birds. No one knew about this until this study," says Dan-Eric Nilsson, professor at the Department of Biology at Lund University.

For birds, the upper sides of leaves appear much lighter in ultraviolet. From below, the leaves are very dark. In this way, the three-dimensional structure of dense foliage is obvious to birds. This in turn makes it easy for them to move, find food and navigate. People, on the other hand, do not perceive ultraviolet, and see the foliage in green, the colour with the worst contrast.



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Dan-Eric Nilsson founded the world-leading Lund Vision Group at Lund University. The study in question is a collaboration with Cynthia Tedore and was conducted during her time as a postdoc in Lund. She is now



working at the University of Hamburg.

It is the first time that researchers have succeeded in imitating bird colour <u>vision</u> with a high degree of precision. This was achieved with the help of a unique camera and advanced calculations. The camera was designed within the Lund Vision Group and equipped with rotating filter wheels and specially manufactured filters, which make it possible to show what different animals see clearly. In this case, the <u>camera</u> imitates with a high degree of accuracy the colour sensitivity of the four different types of cones in bird retinas.

"We have discovered something that is probably very important for <u>birds</u>, and we continue to reveal how reality appears also to other animals," says Dan-Eric Nilsson, continuing:

"We may have the notion that what we see is the reality, but it's a highly human reality. Other animals live in other realities, and we can now see through their eyes and reveal many secrets. Reality is in the eye of the beholder," he concludes.

More information: Cynthia Tedore et al, Avian UV vision enhances leaf surface contrasts in forest environments, *Nature Communications* (2019). DOI: 10.1038/s41467-018-08142-5

Provided by Lund University

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