

# Big week for Big Tech as quarterly earnings loom

January 27 2019, by Rob Lever

---



Apple, which kicks off the earnings parade for major US tech firms, will need to think beyond the iPhone to keep its momentum, according to analysts

Big Tech firms face a critical test in the coming days with quarterly updates that may offer clues on whether the world's largest companies

are seeing growth or retrenchment ahead.

Apple reports its latest quarterly earnings on Tuesday, with Facebook and Microsoft on deck a day later, followed by Amazon on Thursday. Google parent Alphabet rounds out group with its update on February 4.

The results come after a roller-coaster period with drops of more than 20 percent in the value of Apple and Amazon, which have lost their trillion-dollar status, and with Facebook and Google seeing increased pressure to deal with concerns on privacy and data protection.

Here are some of the challenges facing the major technology firms:

## **Apple: another reinvention?**

Apple, facing sluggish growth in the global smartphone market, has been pushing harder in services but still relies on the iPhone for the lion's share of revenue and profit.

For the upcoming results, Apple will no longer detail the exact number of iPhones sold in the quarter, leaving analysts to guess the mix of devices based on revenues.

Apple delivered a stunning admission earlier this month that iPhone sales and overall revenues would be below most forecasts, citing economic weakness in China and trade frictions between Washington and Beijing.



Facebook, whose CEO Mark Zuckerberg is seen here, will need to restore trust to allow the leading social network to maintain its growth trajectory

"The mobile market is reaching saturation, and so is the smartphone market," says Benedict Evans of the investment firm Andreessen Horowitz, in a recent blog post.

"This is not 'the fall of Apple'—it's just the shift of smartphones to boring maturity, as we look for what's next."

Analysts will be looking at growth in services such as Apple Music and Apple Pay, and what might be coming for a Netflix-rival streaming television service from the Cupertino company.

## **Facebook: safety first**

2018 was a horrific year for Facebook, marked by a series of scandals over privacy and concerns that the leading social network had been manipulated by foreign interests for political purposes. Shares were down as much as 40 percent from their peak at one point in the year.

Facebook boosted revenues and profits during the year and managed to increase its user base to more than 2.2 billion although growth appears to have stalled in North America and Europe.

In 2019, Facebook is likely to see further scrutiny with US lawmakers mulling privacy regulations—potentially impacting how Facebook monetizes its user data with its sophisticated advertising technology—following new rules in the European Union.



CEO Satya Nadella has led Microsoft back to the top ranks of the tech world by focusing on business and cloud computing services

"Costs are still likely to rise much more quickly than revenues as Facebook is having to recruit humans to police its content because its AI (artificial intelligence) is not up to the job," said Richard Windsor said, an analyst who writes the Radio Free Mobile blog.

## **Microsoft: steady in the cloud**

Microsoft has been the steadiest of the major tech firms of late and has

been jockeying with Amazon for the title of the world's most valuable company in recent weeks.

While Microsoft has stepped back from many consumer offerings including the smartphone business, it has leveraged its strength with [business customers](#) to bolster its cloud computing platform known as Azure.

"People are now seeing Microsoft as a growth company," said analyst Jack Gold of J. Gold Associates.

## **Amazon: limits on growth?**

Amazon's seemingly unstoppable growth has been one of the main stories in technology in recent years as it expands into groceries, robotics, [artificial intelligence](#), streaming media and more.



Amazon founder Jeff Bezos has favored investment over short-term profits, a trend likely to continue for the broadly focused tech giant

But Amazon's value has dropped some 20 percent since it peaked at \$1 trillion last year.

"Amazon is really multiple companies," said Gold, noting that its highly profitable cloud computing segment has enabled Amazon to invest in ecommerce and media.

Amazon claims some 100 million subscribers to its Prime service, giving it a consistent revenue stream. But in the US market, Amazon may have trouble growing that base further, with an estimated 60 percent of US households already members.

One new segment that appears promising for Amazon is advertising, according to some analysts who point out that its customer relationships could help it challenge the online ad "duopoly" of Google and Facebook.

Amazon founder Jeff Bezos—now facing divorce proceedings—has been known for favoring investment over profits and will likely continue that, according to Gold.

## **Alphabet/Google: coping with regulators**

As the dominant player in online advertising, Google remains the profit engine for its parent firm Alphabet, which has ventured into autonomous vehicles, life sciences and other fields.





Google, whose CEO Sundar Pichai is seen here, remains a dominant force in the online world despite new moves to regulate how tech firms collect and share data from customers

But Google is a key target of "techlash" with probes in Europe on monopoly abuse in search, advertising its Android mobile ecosystem, and could be impacted by proposed privacy rules in the United States.

Gold argued that Google is unlikely to be hurt by tougher regulations and may even be helped because smaller rivals would face relatively higher costs of compliance.

"Google has huge scale and when you have that scale and you need to implement something it's less costly on a per user basis," Gold said.

While Google will face higher costs, he said, "the financial impact is relatively trivial."

© 2019 AFP

Citation: Big week for Big Tech as quarterly earnings loom (2019, January 27) retrieved 27 April 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2019-01-big-week-tech-quarterly-loom.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.