

## **Thousands of turtles netted off South America**

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Thousands of sea turtles are accidentally caught off South America's Pacific coast each year. Credit: ProDelphinus

Tens of thousands of sea turtles are caught each year by small-scale fishers off South America's Pacific coast, new research shows.

Surveys at 43 harbours in Ecuador, Peru and Chile reveal that gillnet fisheries catch more than 46,000 sea <u>turtles</u> per year, with more than 16,000 killed in the process.

And the true numbers are likely to be higher, as not all ports in each country were surveyed.

Such accidental catching—known as bycatch—is a major threat to species including <u>sea turtles</u>, and the researchers say their findings highlight Ecuador and Peru as key places to tackle this.

"People worry about industrial fisheries but a real concern that people are waking up to is small-scale fisheries," said Professor Brendan Godley, of the Centre for Ecology and Conservation on the University of Exeter's Penryn Campus in Cornwall.

"These are small vessels but they exist in such huge numbers that they can have a massive impact on ecosystems."

Turtles living in the study area include leatherbacks (critically endangered in the east Pacific) and hawksbills (critically endangered worldwide).

Dr. Joanna Alfaro, who obtained her Ph.D. at Exeter and is now director



of ProDelphinus, a conservation organisation in Peru, said: "This work highlights the importance and the benefits of our approach of engaging with fishers.



Fishers often try to return turtles to the sea, but thousands of turtles die each year. Credit: ProDelphinus

"We are actively working with fishers in this region to develop and implement solutions to bycatch—not just to improve the situation for turtles but for the health of fisheries and fish stocks.



"Our goal is to develop fisheries that are sustainable for small-scale fishing communities and the species with which they interact."

Dr. Jeffrey Mangel, also of the University of Exeter and ProDelphinus, added: "Gathering this survey data was a massive effort across three countries, and the results give us fascinating and important insights.

"We are careful not to overstate threats to wildlife, but in this case it's clear that tens of thousands of turtles are being caught each year."

The southeastern Pacific sustains extensive fisheries that are important sources of food and employment for millions of people.

Country	Number of ports where surveys were carried out	Percentage of country's ports surveyed	Number of fishers surveyed	Estimated annual bycatch of sea turtles (based on scaling up results to full fleets in surveyed ports)	Estimated turtles killed	Mortality rate
Ecuador	7	16.4	379	40,480	13,225	32.5%
Peru	30	41	342	5,828	2,927	50.8%
Chile	6	22	44	170	6	3.2%

Table showing bycatch statistics. Credit: University of Exeter

The paper, published in the journal *Fisheries Research*, is entitled: "Untangling the impacts of nets in the southeastern Pacific: Rapid assessment of marine turtle bycatch to set conservation priorities in small-scale fisheries."

More information: Joanna Alfaro-Shigueto et al, Untangling the impacts of nets in the southeastern Pacific: Rapid assessment of marine



turtle bycatch to set conservation priorities in small-scale fisheries, *Fisheries Research* (2018). DOI: 10.1016/j.fishres.2018.04.013

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