

Image: Jupiter's swirling south pole

January 29 2018



Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech/SwRI/MSSS/Gerald Eichstadt

This image of Jupiter's swirling south polar region was captured by NASA's Juno spacecraft as it neared completion of its tenth close flyby of the gas giant planet.

The "empty" space above and below Jupiter in this color-enhanced image can trick the mind, causing the viewer to perceive our solar

system's largest planet as less colossal than it is. In reality, Jupiter is wide enough to fit 11 Earths across its clouded disk.

The spacecraft captured this image on Dec. 16, 2017, at 11:07 PST (2:07 p.m. EST) when the spacecraft was about 64,899 miles (104,446 kilometers) from the tops of the clouds of the planet at a latitude of 83.9 degrees south—almost directly over Jupiter's south pole.

The spatial scale in this image is 43.6 miles/pixel (70.2 kilometers/pixel).

Citizen scientist Gerald Eichstädt processed this image using data from the JunoCam imager.

More information: JunoCam's raw images are available at www.missionjuno.swri.edu/junocam for the public to peruse and process into image products.

More information about Juno is online at www.nasa.gov/juno and missionjuno.swri.edu

Provided by Jet Propulsion Laboratory

Citation: Image: Jupiter's swirling south pole (2018, January 29) retrieved 27 April 2024 from <https://phys.org/news/2018-01-image-jupiter-swirling-south-pole.html>

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