

New technique to detect oil in water during LNG processing

November 17 2017, by Jess Reid



Credit: University of Western Australia

Collaborative efforts between the University of Western Australia, Chevron and Woodside have produced promising results using patented technology in a recent field trial.

Researchers at The University of Western Australia have developed a new prototype instrument, based on Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), to detect trace quantities of oil in <u>water</u>, and that may enable engineers to use it in deep water for the first time.

Funded by Chevron as part of the WA Energy Resource Alliance (WA:ERA) and the Federal Government's Australian Research Council (ARC), the new method of analysis using NMR is thought to be a more



effective, reliable and accurate monitoring method than techniques currently being used by industry.

Professor Mike Johns, from the Fluid Science and Resources Research Centre at UWA's School of Mechanical and Chemical Engineering, said during operation wells produced water as well as oil and gas.

"The water needs to be separated from product streams before sale. This happens either at offshore or onshore processing facilities," Professor Johns said. "Reliable and accurate monitoring of the separation is a critical activity."

Professor Johns said using a magnetic field to detect the oil component in the water had two significant advantages over existing technology: it didn't require an optical window to be kept clean and was effectively selfcalibrating.

"It's also able to directly detect all components in the water down to the very, very low levels of a few parts per million."

The prototype instrument was successfully tested during a two-week field trial at Woodside's Pluto LNG facility where the instrument's ability to measure down to a few parts per million of oil content in a water stream was confirmed, under 'real-world' conditions.

Professor Johns said the instrument performed better than a commercial optical alternative that the researchers used for comparison. "We're currently exploring various potential commercialisation options," he said.

Provided by University of Western Australia



Citation: New technique to detect oil in water during LNG processing (2017, November 17) retrieved 5 August 2024 from <u>https://phys.org/news/2017-11-technique-oil-lng.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.