

## NREL inks technology agreement for high efficiency multijunction solar cells

October 31 2017



A 6-inch MicroLink Devices high-efficiency, lightweight and flexible ELO IMM solar cell wafer. Credit: MicroLink Devices

The U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) National Renewable Energy



Laboratory (NREL) has entered into a license agreement with MicroLink Devices, Inc. (Niles, IL) to commercialize NREL's patented inverted metamorphic (IMM) multijunction solar cells. While highefficiency multijunction solar cells are commonly used for space satellites, researchers have continued to look for ways to improve cost and performance to enable a broader range of applications. The IMM technique licensed by MicroLink Devices enables multijunction III-V solar cells to be grown with both higher efficiencies and lower costs than traditional multijunction solar cells by reversing the order in which individual sub-cells are typically grown.

The IMM architecture enables greater power extraction from the higherbandgap sub-cells and further allows the use of more efficient lowbandgap sub-cell materials such as Indium Gallium Arsenide. In contrast to traditional III-V multijunction solar cells, IMM devices are removed from their growth substrate, allowing the substrate to be reused over multiple growth runs - a significant component in reducing overall <u>device</u> costs. Removing the substrate also reduces the weight of the solar cell, which is important for applications such as solar-powered unmanned aerial vehicles.

MicroLink Devices is an Illinois-based ISO 9001 certified semiconductor manufacturer specializing in removing active semiconductor device layers from their growth substrate via a proprietary epitaxial liftoff (ELO) process. By utilizing its ELO capabilities, MicroLink will be able to make thin, lightweight, and highly flexible IMM solar cells which are ideal for use in <u>unmanned aerial</u> <u>vehicles</u>, space-based vehicles and equipment, and portable power generation applications. "IMM makes multijunction solar cells practical for a wide variety of weight-, geometry-, and space-constrained applications where high efficiency is critical," said Jeff Carapella, one of the researchers in NREL's III-V multijunction materials and devices research group that developed the technology.



"Former NREL Scientist Mark Wanlass pioneered the use of metamorphic buffer layers to form tandem III-V solar cells with three or more junctions. This approach is very synergistic with our ELO process technology, and MicroLink Devices is excited to now be commercializing IMM solar cells for high-performance space and UAV applications," said Noren Pan, CEO of MicroLink Devices.

MicroLink and NREL have collaborated to evaluate the use of ELO for producing IMM solar <u>cells</u> since 2009, when MicroLink was the recipient of a DOE PV Incubator subcontract from NREL. Tests of MicroLink-produced IMM <u>solar cells</u> conducted at NREL have demonstrated multiple successful substrate reuses and efficiencies exceeding 30%.

Provided by National Renewable Energy Laboratory

Citation: NREL inks technology agreement for high efficiency multijunction solar cells (2017, October 31) retrieved 26 June 2024 from <u>https://phys.org/news/2017-10-nrel-inks-technology-agreement-high.html</u>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.