

# Cosmologists a step closer to understanding quantum gravity

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Dr Vincent Vennin. Credit: University of Portsmouth

Cosmologists trying to understand how to unite the two pillars of modern science – quantum physics and gravity – have found a new way to make robust predictions about the effect of quantum fluctuations on

primordial density waves, ripples in the fabric of space and time.

Researchers from the University of Portsmouth have revealed quantum imprints left on cosmological structures in the very early Universe and shed light on what we may expect from a full quantum theory of gravity.

Dr Vincent Vennin, from the Institute of Cosmology and Gravitation said: "We haven't solved quantum gravity but we've learnt a little more about how it would work.

"Physicists do not yet know how to combine theories of gravity and the quantum world. Yet both play a crucial role in the very early Universe where the expansion of space is driven by [gravity](#) and cosmological structures that arise from [quantum fluctuations](#).

"Quantum fluctuations during inflation are thought to be the origin of all structure in the Universe. Structures we see today such as galaxies, stars, planets and people can be traced back to these primordial fluctuations."

The paper is co-authored by Professor David Wands and Dr Hooshyar Assadullahi. It was published today in the *Physical Review Letters*.

**More information:** Critical Number of Fields in Stochastic Inflation. 2017 Jan. 20, *Physical Review Letters* [[journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/ ... ysRevLett.118.031301](https://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/physRevLett.118.031301) , [arxiv.org/abs/1604.06017](https://arxiv.org/abs/1604.06017)

Provided by University of Portsmouth

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