

Image: Hubble spins a web into the Red Spider Nebula

October 24 2016



Credit: ESA/Garrelt Mellema (Leiden University, the Netherlands)

Huge waves are sculpted in this two-lobed nebula called the Red Spider Nebula, located some 3,000 light-years away in the constellation of Sagittarius.

This warm planetary nebula harbors one of the hottest stars known and its powerful stellar winds generate waves 100 billion kilometers (62.4



billion miles) high.

The waves are caused by supersonic shocks, formed when the local gas is compressed and heated in front of the rapidly expanding lobes.

The atoms caught in the shock emit the spectacular radiation seen in this image.

Provided by NASA

Citation: Image: Hubble spins a web into the Red Spider Nebula (2016, October 24) retrieved 10 April 2024 from https://phys.org/news/2016-10-image-hubble-web-red-spider.html

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.