

Study finds beliefs about all-knowing gods fosters co-operation

February 10 2016



Credit: George Hodan/public domain

Beliefs about all-knowing, punishing gods—a defining feature of religions ranging from Christianity to Hinduism—may have played a key role in expanding co-operation among far-flung peoples and led to the development of modern-day states, according to a UBC-led study published in *Nature*.

The research, an international collaboration among anthropologists and psychologists, looked at how religion affects humans' willingness to cooperate with those outside their [social circle](#). The study involved interviews and behavioural experiments with nearly 600 people from communities in Vanuatu, Fiji, Brazil, Mauritius, Siberia and Tanzania whose [religious beliefs](#) included Buddhism, Christianity, Hinduism, animism and ancestor worship.

"Certain kinds of beliefs—involving gods who are aware of human interactions and punish for moral transgressions—can indeed contribute to the evolution of human co-operation," said lead author Benjamin Purzycki, a postdoctoral research fellow at UBC's Centre for Human Evolution, Cognition and Culture.

"If you think you're being watched, and expect to be divinely punished for being too greedy or thieving, you might be less inclined to engage in anti-social behavior towards a wider range of people who share those beliefs."

Results show that believers in all-knowing gods who punish for wrongdoing are more likely to behave fairly towards anonymous, distant "co-religionists"—those who share beliefs about gods and rituals, but may not belong to the same religious organization.

When people act this way, the study suggests, they are engaging in behaviour that can support key features of modern-day societies - such as large, co-operative institutions, trade, markets and partnerships.

"Religious beliefs may have been one of the major contributing factors in the development and stability of highly complex social organizations, such as states," said Purzycki.

Background

The paper, "Moralistic gods, supernatural punishment and the expansion of human sociality," is published in *Nature*.

The study included interviews along with two games that involved the distribution of coins to participants or other believers based locally or in distant communities. In these games, participants were supposed to use a die to determine who would get the coins. However, as anonymous players, they could override the die and give coins to whomever they wished. For both games, participants were more likely to play by the rules and dole out more coins to distant believers if they reported that their gods knew about people's thoughts and behaviour, and punished for wrongdoing.

More information: Moralistic gods, supernatural punishment and the expansion of human sociality, *Nature*,
[nature.com/articles/doi:10.1038/nature16980](https://doi.org/10.1038/nature16980)

Provided by University of British Columbia

Citation: Study finds beliefs about all-knowing gods fosters co-operation (2016, February 10)
retrieved 26 April 2024 from
<https://phys.org/news/2016-02-beliefs-all-knowing-gods-fosters-co-operation.html>

This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.