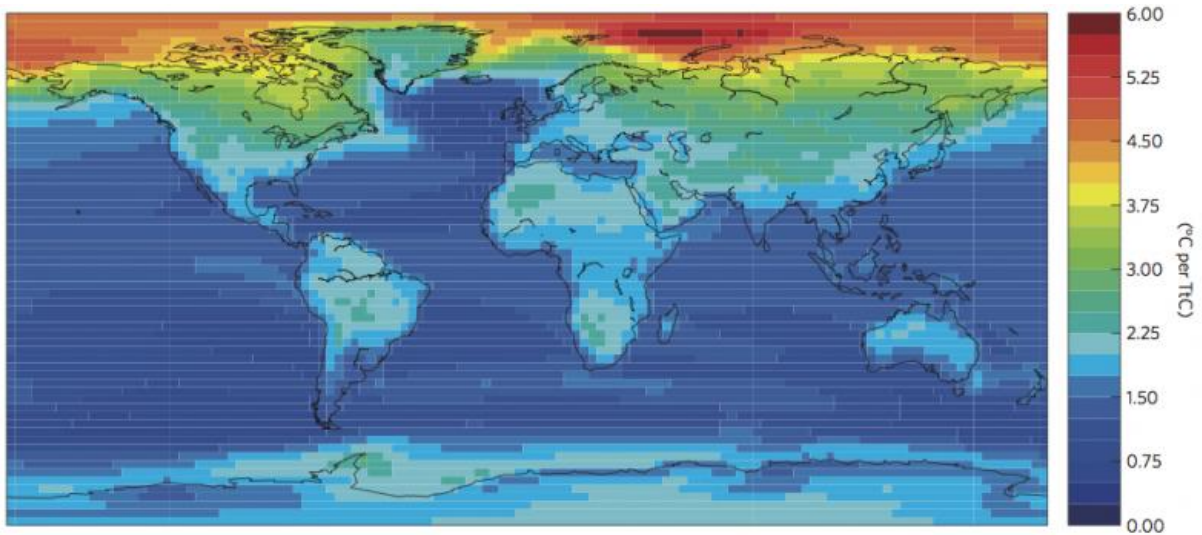


A new study puts temperature increases caused by CO₂ emissions on the map

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A map of climate change. Credit: Nature Climate Change

Earth's temperature has increased by 1°C over the past century, and most of this warming has been caused by carbon dioxide emissions. But what does that mean locally?

A new study published in *Nature Climate Change* pinpoints the temperature increases caused by CO₂ emissions in different regions around the world.

Using simulation results from 12 global [climate](#) models, Damon

Matthews, a professor in Concordia's Department of Geography, Planning and Environment, along with post-doctoral researcher Martin Leduc, produced a map that shows how the climate changes in response to cumulative carbon emissions around the world.

They found that temperature increases in most parts of the world respond linearly to cumulative emissions.

"This provides a simple and powerful link between total global emissions of carbon dioxide and local climate warming," says Matthews. "This approach can be used to show how much human emissions are to blame for local changes."

Leduc and Matthews, along with co-author Ramo n de Eli a from Ouranos, a Montreal-based consortium on regional climatology, analyzed the results of simulations in which CO₂ emissions caused the concentration of CO₂ in the atmosphere to increase by 1 per cent each year until it reached four times the levels recorded prior to the Industrial Revolution.

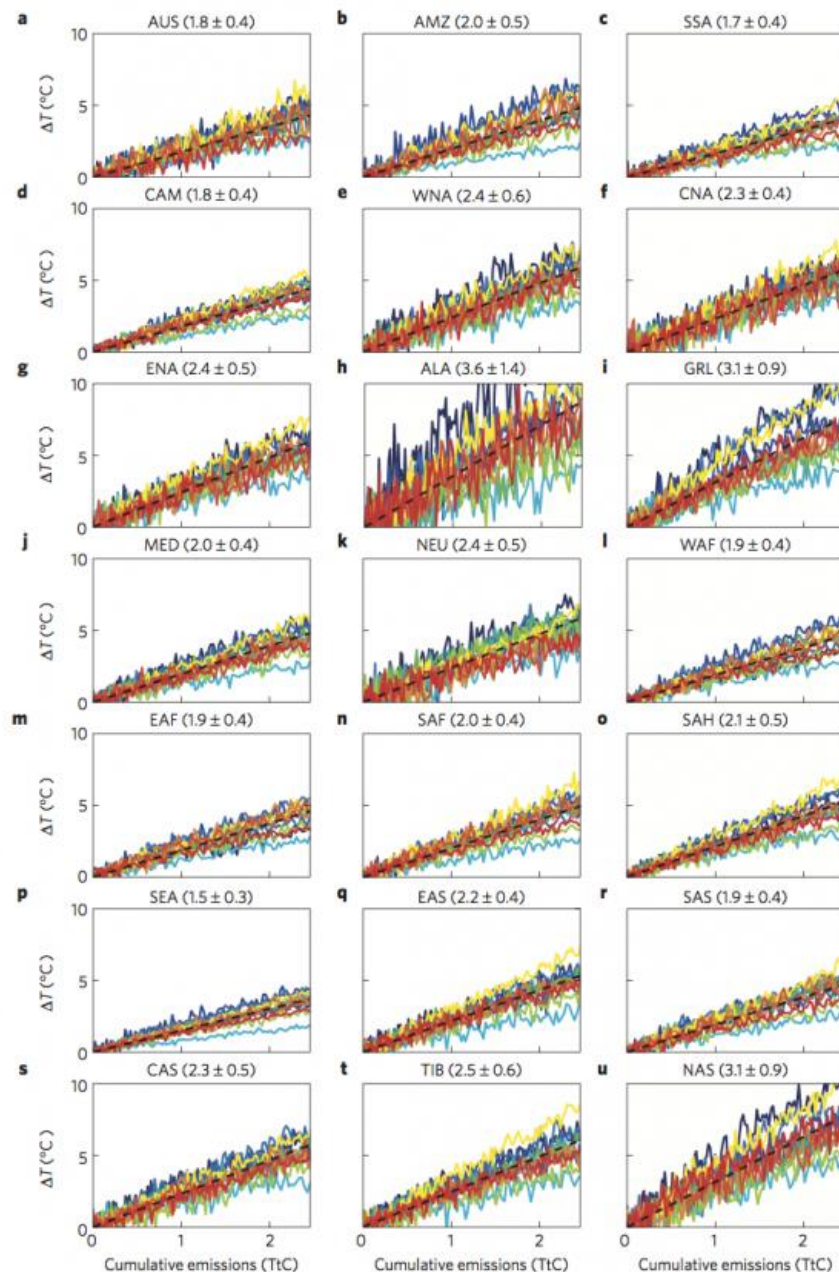


Figure 2 | RTCRE estimates and time series of the regional temperature response to cumulative emissions calculated over 21 land regions. Region definitions are taken from Giorgi¹² as shown in Supplementary Fig. 2: Australia (AUS), Amazon Basin (AMZ), Southern South America (SSA), Central America (CAM), Western North America (WNA), Central North America (CNA), Eastern North America (ENA), Alaska (ALA), Greenland (GRL), Mediterranean Basin (MED), Northern Europe (NEU), Western Africa (WAF), Eastern Africa (EAF), Southern Africa (SAF), Sahara (SAH), Southeast Asia (SEA), East Asia (EAS), South Asia (SAS), Central Asia (CAS), Tibet (TIB) and North Asia (NAS).

This graph breaks down the increase in temperature by region, caused by climate change. Credit: *Nature Climate Change*

Globally, the researchers saw an average temperature increase of $1.7 \pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$ per trillion tonnes of carbon in CO₂ emissions (TtC), which is consistent with reports from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

But the scientists went beyond these globally averaged temperature rises, to calculate climate change at a local scale.

At a glance, here are the average increases per trillion tonnes of carbon that we emit, separated geographically:

- Western North America $2.4 \pm 0.6^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Central North America $2.3 \pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Eastern North America $2.4 \pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Alaska $3.6 \pm 1.4^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Greenland and Northern Canada $3.1 \pm 0.9^{\circ}\text{C}$
- North Asia $3.1 \pm 0.9^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Southeast Asia $1.5 \pm 0.3^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Central America $1.8 \pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Eastern Africa $1.9 \pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$

"As these numbers show, equatorial regions warm the slowest, while the Arctic warms the fastest. Of course, this is what we've already seen happen—rapid changes in the Arctic are outpacing the rest of the planet," says Matthews.

There are also marked differences between land and ocean, with the [temperature](#) increase for the oceans averaging $1.4 \pm 0.3^{\circ}\text{C}$ TtC, compared to $2.2 \pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for land areas.

"To date, humans have emitted almost 600 billion tonnes of carbon," says Matthews. "This means that land areas on average have already warmed by 1.3°C because of these emissions. At current emission rates,

we will have emitted enough CO₂ to warm land areas by 2°C within 3 decades."

More information: Martin Leduc et al. Regional estimates of the transient climate response to cumulative CO₂ emissions, *Nature Climate Change* (2016). [DOI: 10.1038/nclimate2913](https://doi.org/10.1038/nclimate2913)

Provided by Concordia University

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